INSURANCE.

All Indian Trade Associations are anxious to help Indian Insurance Companies.

The Bombay Chronicle

INSURANCE.

But this can be put into practice only by individuals to help Indian Insurance Companies.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913. REGD. NO. B 1068.

VOL. XVII NO. 192--- BOMBAY WEDNESDAY AUGUST 14 1929 ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

STAR CHAMBER METHODS AT MEERUT

—:o:—

Accused's Brother Not Allowed to Enter Court

BRADLEY'S MONEY STILL MISSING

—:o:—

Desai Cross-Examines "Herald" Man

MEERUT, Aug. 13.

At to-day's resumption of the Meerut Conspiracy case, Choudri Dharambir Singh read out a written statement, protesting against rejecting his brother's application for attending the case in the court-room. He emphasised that there was nothing to prove that his brother had a bad record. The inquiry was open to the public and the refusal of permission for a near relative of an accused to attend the Court was tantamount to a Star Chamber method in the times of Charles I. The accused pleaded for the reconsideration of yesterday's order.

Khan Bahadur Ekramul Haq, Deputy Superintendent of Police C.I.D. was the first witness examined to-day at the hearing of the Meerut "Conspiracy" case.

Witness stated that he had searched the house of Bageshatta Rewari and seized among other things letters from Mr. M. N. Roy.

At the outset of the hearing, the accused, Dharamvir Singh protested against the remark made on the previous day by the Magistrate that his brother was not given permission to attend the court as his past conduct was not satisfactory. He said that his brother was a follower of non-violence and while being tried in a case at Bulandshahr, he was slapped by the District Magistrate and still he kept non-violent. The U. P. Government sanctioned Rs. 1,000 to his brother who had been carrying on the work on an agricultural farm. He further said that there was a public trial and if their near and dear relatives like brothers. etc., were not allowed to see the proceedings, their defence was being handicapped.

Mr. Hutchinson and Mr. Bradley complained about interference with their letters which they presume to have been done by the C.I.D. Officers.-

Khan Bahadur Iqramulhaq was the first witness examined to-day in the Meerut case. He deposed to having searched the house of J. P. Bagarhatta Rewari. Among the documents that he recovered was a letter to Bagarhatta from M. N. Roy.

"BEGARHATTA IN PAY OF GOVT."

Cross-examined by accused Usmani, witness said he never took tea with Bagarhatta in Lahore nor did he know whether he was a pet of Sir David Petrie. Witness had no knowledge whether Bagarhatta was getting regular pay from Government. Also, it was beyond his knowledge that Bagarhatta was the cause of the arrest of Ashfaqullaum.

Saigal cross-examined the witness at some length. The witness said he did not deal with the political side of the C. I D. He was in the crime side. It took him five days to carry out the search of the house of Bagarhatta. All the papers were muddled up and it took time to classify them.

Replying to accused Nimbkar witness said that the ordinary local police carried out the house searches.

After some more witnesses had been examined to prove house searches, Mr. C. W. Condon, D.SP, Poona was examined. He deposed that he arrested Thengdi, accused, and also searched his house. Among a mass of documents recovered from his house were an index note book, constitution of the Youth League, Bombay, letters from Ghate, printed manuscript to the Youth Conference, a resolution on the need for a Workers and Peasants Party and a manifesto from the Communist Party to the Congress.

SEARCH OF MRS. NAMBIAR'S HOUSE.

Sergeant R. V. Hampton stated that he searched the house of Mrs. Subasini Nambiar. Among the papers that he seized were her passport and a letter alleged to have been written by her husband introducing Adhikari as a valuable worker.

E. B Almida corroborated this search.

Cross-examined by accused M. G. Desai, Almida said he was an assistnt sub-editor twice in the "Indian National Herald." There were about 20 assistant sub-editors in the office of that paper at the time.

WHERE IS BRADLEY'S MONEY?

On the conclusion of to-day's proceedings, Mr. Sinha defence counsel filed an application on behalf of Bradley in connection with the amount of £80 remitted to him which, he said, he had not yet received.

Mr. Langford James said the case of the prosecution was that this money had been sent by the Workers' Welfare League to Bradley as his salary.

Bradley repudiating the suggestion and said the money had been sent by his brother.

The Court notified that orders would be passed on receipt of the money in Court.

17 ACCUSED FILE BAIL APPLICATION

—:o:—

MEERUT, Aug. 13.

The Defence Counsels, Messrs. K. C. Chakravarthi and D. P. Sinha, in the Meerut Conspiracy case moved a petition to-day before the trying Magistrate for the following 17 accused: Spratt. Nimbkar, Adhikary, Gopal Bysack, Dharmagoswami, D. R. Thengdi, Alwe, Bradley. Ajoyprasad, Mirajkar, Ghate, Hutchinson, Shamshi, Huda Dange, Joglekar and Shaukat Usmani.

The petition stated the accused had very often emphatically contested the jurisdiction of this Court or any Court in Meerut to hold the enquiry or to try the accused and the prosecution even though they had examined 72 witnesses had not produced any evidence to prove such jurisdiction and it was likely that such evidence if the prosecution had any would not be forthcoming soon. So the accused prayed they might be released on bail.

The hearing of the bail application had been adjourned.—Free Press.

SCOUT CAMP BREAKS UP

—:o:—

BADEN-POWELL'S FAREWELL MESSAGE

RUGBY, Aug. 13.

At the Government Banquet at Liverpool last night to British and foreign representatives of the Boy Scout movement a message was read from the King expressing the hope that visitors from abroad enjoyed their stay in England and the memorable assemblage would have strengthened the ties of comradeship uniting Boy Scouts throughout the world.

The great Jamboree ended last night and the camp is breaking up. On the last day (yesterday) 20,000 Scouts arm-in-arm marched by the Chief Scout, Lord Baden Powell.

"I am sending you back", he said in his farewell speech, "bearing the sign of peace, goodwill and fellowship. Take back the idea in your minds that you have brothers in other countries. Anyone can see bad points in people, but good Scouts look for good points. Go forth as ambassadors of goodwill and friendship."—B. O. W.

OIL ENGINE BURSTS

—:o:—

Driver & Fireman Killed

ACCIDENT AT KASARA STATION

On Saturday last an oil engine of the G.I.P. Railway suddenly burst near Kasara Station resulting in the death of Fred William Rose. driver and Umar Daryakhan, fireman, on whose bodies an inquest was held by the Coroner on Tuesday. It appeared from evidence that at about 4 p.m. on Saturday the engine suddenly burst and the deceased sustained extensive injuries. They were brought to Bombay in the G.I.P. Railway Hospital where they died on Monday.

The Coroner after recording identification evidence adjourned further hearing to enable the police to make enquiries in regard to the cause of the accident.

IN AID OF SURMA VALLEY FLOOD FUND.

—:o:—

PUBLIC LECTURE BY BABU BEPIN CHANDRA PAL.

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood' Muslim Students' Union, Youth Lodge Theosophical Society and the Young Men's Parsee Association, Babu Bepin Chandra Pal will deliver a public lecture on "the Problem of India's Political Freedom" on Thursday, 15th inst. at the Blavatsky Hall, French Bridge, at 6.30 p. m. (S. T.) when Mr. J. M. Mehta, M.L. A., will preside. Admission will be by tickets of Rs. 5; Re. 1; and as. 8 available at the offices of the above institutions. The proceeds will go to the Surma Valley Flood Funds (Bengal).

SERIOUS FLOODS IN PERSIA

—:o:—

GREAT DAMAGE TO PROPERTY

TEHERAN, Aug. 13.

Floods more serious than the last are reported to have occurred at Tabriz. Great damage is said to have been caused to property but no details are as yet available.—Reuter.

ALL PARTIES CONVENTION REPORT

—:o:—

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 13.

Official report of the proceedings of the All-Parties' Convention held at Calcutta in December last is published and large orders are being placed with the Congress Office from booksellers.—A. P.

HAGUE CONFERENCE

—:o:—

Move for Compromise

LONDON, Aug. 12.

Diplomatic circles in London regard the adjournment of the Hague Financial Commission as a sign of change for the better. It is hoped that some settlement with regard to the Young Plan will be reached before the League meetings at Geneva in September, as otherwise the value of the latter will be diminished

QUESTION OF DELIVERIES IN KIND.

Hague.—The whole of the morning sitting was devoted to the question of deliveries in kind in which connection M. Loucher said he had a lengthy statement to make in reply to Mr. Graham's speech mentioned in the message of 10th August, and he would be unable to finish it if he began to-day.

Mr. Snowden thereupon proposed adjournment till Wednesday.

The French circles are not more optimistic, and are very much impressed by Mr. Snowden's attitude.

PROPOSAL FOR COMPROMISE.

According to the French Conference circles the proposal for a compromise is being prepared whereby Britain's share of German payments will be increased without interfering with the proposed distribution among other Powers by assigning to Britain a large portion of the residue of the German "annuity" after the claims of the Principal Powers have been met. This will be done bp compensating the small Powers by scaling down their war debt to other great Powers for the loss of this residue which was to have been allotted to them under the Young Plan.

EVACUATION OF RHINELAND.

The Political Commission adopted the suggestion of Mr. Henderson that he himself (Mr. Henderson), M. Briand. Dr. Stresemann and Mr. Hymans should discuss privately, to-morrow, everything connected with the fixing of the date of the commencement and ending of the evacuation of the Rhineland.—Reuter.

THE TENSION EASES

—:o:—

MR. SNOWDEN'S APOLOGY TO M. CHERON

LONDON, Aug. 12.

Rugby.—The Financial Committee of the Conference met again this morning and after two hours adjourned to Wednesday. It is understood that the best feeling prevailed among members. The tension which had at one time existed was in fact eased yesterday, when Mr. Snowden at a private meeting of the six inviting Powers expressed his regret that vigorous but not unparliamentary adjectives were applied by him the previous day to certain passages in the speech by M. Cheron, the French Minister. who had it translated in French. and they seemed to bear an offensive interpretation. He begged of M. Cheron most earnestly to believe that he had not the slighest desire to hurt his feelings and smilingly recorded his own reputation in England as having a "bitter tongue but a kind heart." M. Cheron at once responded to this explanation and hurrying over to Mr. Snowden, warmly shook his hand. "You see *entente cordiale* still continues," remarked Mr. Henderson, Foreign Secretary, and the incident ended in an atmosphere of much cordiality. —B.O.W.

LANCASHIRE DEADLOCK

—:o:—

Sir Horace Continues to Mediate

INFORMAL CONFERENCES

LONDON, Aug. 12.

Rugby.—Sir Horace Wilson, the Permanent Secretary to the Ministry of Labour, continued, today, his work as conciliator in the Lancashire cotton dispute holding informal conferences with the parties. The Executive Council of the United Textile Factory Workers representing all Operatives' Unions met at Manchester, this afternoon. On the employers' side a meeting of the General Committee of the Federation of Master Cotton Spinners' Association will be held to-morrow. when it is understood a report will be submitted on the conversations which the Employers' representatives had with the Prime Minister on Saturday. No indication has been given officially of the nature of those conversations, or of the basis which, it is understood, the Prime Minister has suggested for bringing the Employers' and Operatives' representatives into a conference. There is a growing feeling that the employers will agree to arbitration. Five more mills restarted work to-day at the old rate of wages. -B.O.W.

HEDJAZ MISSION SEES SHAH OF PERSIA

—:o:—

TEHERAN, Aug. 13.

The Hedjaz Mission had audience with the Shah yesterday, and received a most friendly reception. The Premier is giving a banquet to-night in their honour.—Reuter.

"THE SIMPLE TRUTH"

—:o:—

BRITISH PRESS BACK MR. SNOWDEN

LONDON, Aug. 12.

Rugby.—The British Press continues its unanimous support and has approved the attitude adopted by Mr. Snowden.

"The Times" says:— "His firm stand has received the wholehearted support of everybody in the country irrespective of political creed." Continuing, "The Times" says: "In maintaining that the British Government was in no way committed beforehand to the acceptance of the Experts' conclusions, Mr. Snowden has acted perfectly correctly. The modifications of the Experts' Report demanded do not in any way impair the fundamental structure of the Plan. Neither the total annuity payable by Germany nor the general machinery by which it shall be paid has been called in question. The real dislike evinced by the British public to the Young Plan is not that it entails sacrilces because it reduces payments receivable under the Dawes annuities; but that it demands diminution in the relative share accorded to Great Britain in favour of other countries whose claims do not in this respect seem so well-founded. That is the simple truth which Mr. Snowden with emphatic reiteration has endeavoured to convel."—B.O.W.

PHILOSOPHERS SEEK AID OF LAW COURT

—:o:—

Calcutta Porfessor Accused of Literary "Piracy"

CALCUTTA, Aug. 13.

A plaint has been filed and admitted at the High Court on behalf of Mr. Jadunath Sinha, Professor of Philosophy, Meerut College, against Prof. S. Radhakrishnan, Professor of Philosophy, Calcutta University. In 1922 the plaintiff was awarded the Premchand Roychand Studentship for original research in Indian Philosophy. He had submitted two theses, one in 1922 and the other in 1923, entitled "The Indian Psychology" and "Perception". The defendant was an examiner of both the theses. Subsequently, portions of both appeared in various numbers of the Meerut College Magazine. Professor Sinha now alleges that Prof. Radhakrishnan pirated a large number of passages from his works and published them in his books on Indian Philosophy Vol. 2 and the Vedants according to Samkara and Ramanuja, without acknowledgement. The plaint is for damages of Rs. 20,000 and delivery of two books yet unsold as also for account.—A. P.

SIMON CENTRAL COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS

Will be Satisfied with Less Than Dominion Status!

PROVINCES TO BE REPRESENTED IN PARLIAMENT

Separation of Sind from Bombay

LONDON, Aug. 13.

The Indian Central Committee has passed a resolution stating that pending the attainment of full Dominion Status Indian interests should be directly represented in British Parliament by members elected by each Provincial Council.

The Committee has also agreed to provincialisation of Services and the separation of Sind from Bombay.

The Committee this week considers 'inter alia' questions relating to the separation of Burma and the separation of judicial and executive functions.

The members of the Simon Commission are now having a holiday. They are expected to reassemble in the middle of September when they will hold joint meetings with the Central Committee.—Reuter.

"PLUNGE YOURSELF INTO NATIONAL STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM"

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu's Advice to Indian Women.

—:o:—

"CARRY ON WAR AGAINST SOCIAL EVILS'

"American women and women all over the world look to you to rise to your fullest stature and fulfil the noble mission of liberating the country and stand side by side with the women of the world, not as slaves but as equals. So it is your duty not only to work for the social advancement of your sex in India, but to take your full share in the fight for the country's freedom." This was the inspiring message of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu to the women of Bombay who gathered in large numbers at a public meeting held in the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall on Tuesday afternoon to do her honour on the termination of her successful American and Continental tour.

The meeting was held under the joint auspices of the Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal, Bhagini Samaj, Rastriya Stree Sabha, Gujarat Hindu Stree Mandal (Santa Cruz Branch) and Patidar Stree Mandal. Women of every class and community participated in the reception including a few Marwari and Muslim women. Prominent among those present were the Hon. Emily Kinnaird, Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale, Mrs. Gangubai Patel. Mrs. Rasikmani B. Desai, Mrs. Tarabai Manecklal Premchand, Mrs. Shirin Captain, Mrs. B. Jijibhai, Mrs. Sitabai Padhidri and several others. Lady Laxmibai Jagmohandas presided.

PRIDE OF BOMBAY.

Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale in asking Lady Laxmibai to take the chair said that it was a pride to the women of Bombay that Mrs. Sarojini Naidu who had already distinguished herself not only in the cause of Indian women but also in the service of the country had completed a triumphant tour in America and the Continent. By so doing she had rendered great service to the country in general and to women of India in particular by raising them in the estimation of the women of the whole world. Foreigners had very vague notions about Indian women, and Mrs. Naidu had convinced them that the women of India had as great self-respect and patriotism as any women of the world.

Mrs. Gangubai Patel seconding the proposal said that Mrs. Naidu had vindicated the honour of the women of India.

The President in her opening remarks paid a very glowing tribute to the strenuous and selfless work undertaken by Mrs. Naidu. It was not enough for them to watch the progress of the women of the world, but they should exert their best to fight evil social customs and be on the path of progress.

MRS. NAIDU RECOUNTS HER IMPRESSIONS.

Mrs. Naidu recounted her experiences and impressions about her recent tour in America and the Continent. Wherever she had gone she saw men and women absorbed in the work of the welfare of their country. The American women, whether they were Protestants or Catholics, black or white, considered themselves as Americans first and were proud of being free citizens of a free world. She wanted the Indian women to cast away all differences of caste and creed and plunge themselves heart and soul into the fight for the liberation of their mother-country from foreign bondage.

SIGNIFICANCE OF NATIONAL FLAG.

She said the Indian delegates to the International Alliance of World Women were proud of having the privilege of carrying the national flag of India side by side with the flags of the other free nations. She exhorted the Indian women to keep that flag flying by taking their full share in the fight for the country's liberation. They need not be disheartened because there were dissensions among them. Dissensions existed in every country and India was no exception. "You must carry on a war against social injustice and put a stop to evil social customs, then you must join hands and plunge yourselves in national activities", she said.

GOSPEL OF KHADDAR.

Narrating her experiences in Canada she said a Canadian housewife would always purchase articles manufactured in Canada and wore cloth hand-spun and woven by Canadian peasants. The Canadian people admired Mahatma Gandhi for preaching the doctrine of Khaddar. They realised more than anybody else that every inch of Swadeshi cloth worn by them would materially help the peasants. Mrs. Naidu asked Indian women to consider it a shame to wear foreign cloth and always purchase Swadeshi articles.

The function terminated with a vote of thanks to the President.

STOP PRESS

TEXTILE DEADLOCK IN BRITAIN.

LONDON, Aug. 13.

The Central Committees of the Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers Associations have passed a resolution entrusting to their Wages Committees further negotiations with operatives not excluding principle of arbitration. The Employers Wages Committees will meet jointly tomorrow.—Reuter.

STOCKS AND SHARES

Natural Reaction on Liquidation

UNDER-TONE GOOD

Bombay, Aug. 13.

With a fairly good turnover of business the share market was rather under the influence of a natural reaction. After sharp upturns it is but natural that some profit taking must come in to maintain good undertone. Perhaps the present reactive may be carried forward somewhat but there is nothing in the situation to cause any substantial decline. As a matter of fact more resistance will be offered at lower levels. Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs. 776 and after improving to Rs. 777 prices reacted to Rs. 771 and finally closed at Rs. 772. Fazal opened at Rs. 625 and after hardening to Rs. 630, met with heavy liquidation causing prices to ease off to Rs. 605. Pearls also followed the same course and closed at Rs. 363 after touching highest Rs. 371. There was wide fluctuations in Tata Hydro shares. The opening was marked at Rs. 1120 and soon prices jumped to Rs. 1025 A sharp relapse on liquidation carried prices to Rs. 1112 but again touched the top of Rs. 1125 and after irregular fluctuations closed at Rs. 1222. There was good demand for Bombay Burma shares. Tata Steel shares held well and Defds. moved between Rs. 225 and Rs. 230. There was little interest in cement shares which lost few points.

On the cash list Indian Mfg. changed hands at Rs. 1050. E. D. Sassoon opened at Rs. 9 but declined to As. 8/6. Khatau shares were sold at Rs. 81/4. Premiers were done at Rs. 2/8. Bharats were bought at Rs. 65/10. Taptis were in demand at Rs. 652/8. Sara Siraiganj were dealt in at Rs. 86/8. Sindh Lights fetched Rs. 64/8. Central Provinces Rys. were done at Rs. 92/8. India Bank opened at Rs. 100/4 and advanced to Rs. 100/8. Imperials opened at Rs. 1397/8 but lost Rs. 5. Union Bank advanced to Rs. 3/4/6 after opening at Rs. 3/3. Centrals opened at Rs. 18/8 and closed at Rs. 18/6. Andhra Ordinary opened at Rs. 625 but were liquidated at Rs. 607/8. Pref. opened at Rs. 952/8 and gained Rs. 2/8. Tata Power opened at Rs. 605 and improved to Rs. 612/8. Pref. opened at Rs. 1007/8 and closed at Rs. 1005. Tram Pref. were done at Rs. 67/4. Tata Hydro Defds. were firm at Rs. 109/2. Gwalior Cement advanced to Rs. 93 after opening at Rs. 91. Shahabad Cements fetched Rs. 145/10. Punjab Ordinary opened at Rs. 11/12 and improved to Rs. 11/14. New India Ince. were done at Rs. 22/4. Jupitar Ince. changed hands at Rs. 10/12. Scindia opened at Rs. 9/14 but closed at Rs. 9/13. Bombay Telephone shares changed hands at Rs. 53/12. Telephone Debentures were sold at Rs. 56. Bombay Burma New opened at Rs. 271/4 and closed at Rs. 273/12. British Burma Petroleum shares were sold at Rs. 4/10.

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ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

—:o:—

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Bombay Dyeing 776, 71, 76, 71. 72.
Century 345, 43, 41-14.
New Colaba 128.
Crescent 105, 3, 2.
Fazul 635, 23, 30, 10, 16, 3, 596, 602.
Indore 380, 78, 77.
Madhowji 35.
Nagpur 587, 86, 85.
New Great 187, 85.
Pearl 375, 67, 70, 63, 62, 63.
Simplex 53-12, 53/2.
Swadeshi 423, 21, 18, 20
Burma 45, 43, 51.
Hydro 1210, 25, 15, 25, 15, 22.
Tram 133, 36.
Deff. 228, 27, 30, 25, 29, 26-14.
Ord. 61/4, 60/14, 61; 61/10.
Bundi 18-14, 18-10.
Indian 296, 91, 87, 85, 86, 88.
Katni Ord. 210, 12, 15.
Alcock 315, 13.

SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Ahmedabad Advance (100) 340
Apollo 60 nil 3/8.
Assur Veerji (5) nil 1
Barsi (250) 20y 125
Berar Manufacturing (500) 15y 768/12
Bharat (500) 10y, 64.
Bombay Cotton (200) 201 150
Bombay Dyeing (120) 201 xd. 772/8.
Bombay Industrial (20) 3.
Bradbury (200) nil, 173-12.
Broach Fine Count 250 nil. 20.
Century 100, 341.14.
Central India 100, 485.
Colaba Land Mills 127/8.
Crescent 100, 102/8.
Currimbhoy 250, nil. 102-8
David 250, nil. 230.
Dawn 250 460.
E D Sassoon United Ord. 0/7/9 0/8/6.
Ebrahim Pabaney 200, 150.
Edward Sassoon 200 200 nil 80
Elphinstone 100, nil 7/8.
Fazulbhoy 230, 602/8.
Finlay 100-10y. 100.
Framjee Petit 1000, nil. 180.
Gokak 100, 141/4.
Gold Mour 100, nil. 90.
Hindustan 100 60y 1550
Indian Bleaching, etc., 100 10f 150.
Indian Manufacturing 1,000 7s 1010
Indore Malwa 100, 13/21, 376/4.
Jamshed 250 nil 20
Jam Ranji Singhji 1,000, 10y. 1600.
Kastoorchand 100, nil, 13/12.
Khandesh 1,000 50f 2100
Khatau Makanji 100, nil 67-8
Kohinoor 10/0, 100 193/12.
Laxmi Cotton 200. 10 xd. nil, 1525.
Maneckji Petit 1,000 20y 1250
Madras United 250 7/8i 440
Morarji Gokuldas 100 nil 860
Mathradas 50, nil, 20.
Meyer Sassoon 100 nil 65
Minerva 80 nil 78
Model Mills Nagpur 250 nil 88.
Mysore 50 plus 21 xd. 158-12.
New City of Bombay 72/8
New Great Eastern 200 10y 465 185.
Osmanshahi 75 2/4y 45.
Pearl 210, 363/12.
Phoenix 100, 335.
Premier 10 nil 2/8.
Sassoon Cotton 100 nil 7.
Sassoon and Alliance Silk 50 65.
Sholapur 1000 10f, 4500.
Simplex Mill 53/2.
Sir Shapurji Broacha 100 nil 9.
Swadeshi 180, 20, 420.
Tata Mill 25, nil, 32/8.
Vishnu Cotton 500, 2220.
Western India Spinning (100) 900

BANKS.

Bank of India 30/2 8 x.d. 100/8.
Baroda 5500 0/8 x.d. 77.
Central 200 x.d. 18/6.
Eastern £5 dd. 88
Imperial 506, 40f xd. 1392/8.
Imperial Contributory 125 10f 345.
Union 5/1f 3/4/6.
P. & O Bank £10 10f 129

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland 10/0/0 30f xd. 18/10.
Central India Mining 7/10.
Gwalior Cement 88, 10f 83.
Indian Cement 288/12.
New India Assurance 51f. 22.
Punjab Cement 100, 11-12.
Shahabad Cement 10y., xd 145/10.
Shivrajpur 20 2/1 xd. 21/8.
United Cement 100, 6y, 76.
Katni Defd. xd. 770.
Katni Ord. xd. 215.

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prantej 400 31/11/6f 790.
Amritsar Patti 3/10/0f 115
Central Provinces 92/8.
Dhond Baramati 100 2/11/6 98.
Gujarat 100 2/4/8f 78
Hoshiarpur Doab 100 4/12/6y 88
Larkhana 100 1f 89.
Mandra Bhon 90 1/15/2f 68.
Mymensingh 100 2/11/6f 98
Pachora Jamner 100 2/4 8f 85.
Sialkot Narrowal 100 2/4/8 90.
Sara Sirajgunj 100 2/6/9f 85.
Sind Light 100 5/7 64
Tapty Valley xd. 653.12.
Upper Sind 100 nil 84/8.

ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.

Ahmedabad Electric 100, 6 8y. 130 xd.
Surat Electric O 100 5/7y xd 126-4.
Andhra Valley Ord. xd. 607/8.
Bombay Tram Ord. xd. 13674.
Tata Hydro Electric 1000 10f xd. 1222/8.
Tata Power 800 nil, 605
Karachi Electricity 100 2/4f. 152-8.
Poona Electricity 100 7y 145

PRESS COMPANIES.

Fort 475 10y 130
Harvey and Sabapathy 500 80+20 1150.
Indian Cotton 125 17/8y 217-8
Manmad Manufacturing 290.
New Berar 500 70y 793/12
New Mofussil 400 30y. 505.
New Prince of Wales 500 20y., 395.

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Reports of unfavourable Indian cotton crop with numerous complaints of shortage of rain in Khandesh, Berar and Gujarat were responsible for firm feeling in the local market. Broach A.-M. opened at Rs. 339|- and advanced to Rs. 339|10. There was absence of selling. Liverpool opening cables were steady and rates at 5-30 p.m. closed as under:—

Broach J./A.	331
Broach A./M.	339/8
Oomra D./J.	304/12
Bengal D./J.	259.

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Aug.	250.90	+2.20
Nov.	227.00	+3.00
Feb.	214.40	+0.10

ROOM RATE

—:o:—

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Bengal 256 D-J.
Broach 356 A-M.
Broach 330 J-A.
Umra 304 D J.

SPOT RATES.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Broach	345	340	332	327
S D	347	342	334	329
P A	348	343	335	330
K V	339	334	326	321
Dholera	334	329	321	316
Kalajin	335	333	325	320
Cutch	352	347	339	334
Surat	405	400	392	387
Rajpipla	405	400	392	387
Navsari	420	415	407	402
Southern-Western				313

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

100	Japan T and Co., Viramgon Old	319
100	Japan T & Co. Upland	320-1/2
100	Japan T & Co., Lasur	261
100	Japan T and Co., Aurangabad	261
100	Japan T and Co., Bijainagar	229
100	Toyomankwa, Sindh-American	286
100	B Karshandas, Arvi	302
100	Volkart Bros. Khandwa	260
100	H Nensbi and Co., Nimbahera	270
100	Bombay and Co., Veraval	237

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

	1929-30	1928-29
Receipts to date 12-8-29	72000	35000
Receipts Yesterday 12-8-29	1900	4000
Exports to date 12-8-29	54000	101000
Stock at Ports 9-8-29	518000	513000
Stock Interior Towns 9-8-29	196000	286000
Stock Liverpool 9-8-29	860000	690000
Visible Suppiy 9-8-29	1632000	2062000
Quantity in Sight 9-8-29	119000	57000

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Linseed Sept.	12	6	0
Linseed May.	11	10	0
Wheat Sept.	7	12	6
Wheat May.	7	13	0
Wheat Yellow	60	0	0
Wheat Katha	54	0	0
Wheat Picci	70	0	0
Wheat Khandua	55	0	0
Wheat Delhi	7	12	0

Volkart U. P. 50/0/30y. 475.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

B. I. G. Insurance 10, nil 4
Bombay Life Assurance 20 1/4y 40
Empire of India Life 100 30|52 1905
Jupiter General Insurance Ord. 11/ 10/12
New India Assurance 6y 22
Oriental Government Securities Life 100, 2005.
Vulcan 100 0/8/0y. 6-14.
Industrial & Prudential 6 10/4

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown 100 6y. 313/12.
Attock Oil 1. nil, 34.
Belapur Co. 50 nil 16
Bombay Safe Deposit U. P. Paid 200, 505.
Bombay Steam Co. Ordy. 95, 19 203/2.
Burma Uganda 80 nil 20.
Burman T. Corporation 751/4.
Burma Corp. 10 As. 16 by 1 12-8.
Indian Radio Ord 526 def 302-8.
Jost Engineering 50, 54/12/8, 172-8.
Kemp 200, 15 196-4.
Mackenzie Saw Mill 100 132/8
Scindia Steam 9/13.
Tata Construction 50
Tata Iron Defd. 226/14.
Tata Iron Ord. 61/10.

DEBENTURES.

Bombay Telephone 50, 1y 112.
Assur. Veerji Mills B. 7 (F. T.) 94/4
Bombay Steam T 8 p.c. 104/8
Kastoorchand Mills T. 7 (F. P.) 80.
Kohincor Mills T. 7 102.
Tata Hydro B. 8 109.
Tata Steel B. 7 p.c. £104
Tata Power T. 7/8 p.c. 105
Andhra Valley B 8. 108/4.
Apollo Mills B, 7/8 F.T. 90.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

—:o:—

New York Futures 12 to 18 Pts. Up.

UNFAVOURABLE CROP REPORTS

Bombay, Aug. 13.

On Monday the New York cotton market was quiet but firm on absence of selling, influenced by unfavourable crop conditions and strength of Wall Street. Prices opened at a rise of 7 points with January 18.37 but reacted to 11.33 on scattered selling. There was a steady recovery from this level and by noon the market touched the highest level for January 18.52 but against ruled easy and closed at 18.45 at a net rise of 13 points. New York delivery October advanced 15 points to 18.16. Southern delivery after fluctuating between 18.17 and 17.97 closed at 18.08 at a rise of 12 points. Distant months closed at a rise of 13 to 16 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 15 points to 18.16c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market ruled steady and closed at a rise of 13 to 14 points. Spot Cotton prices were raised by 13 points to 18.13c.

The Liverpool cotton futures market ruled rather steady and after opening at a rise of 1 to 2 points closed at a rise of 3 to 2 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices were down by 2 points to 10.10d. per lb. and Spot Cotton sales amounted to 2,000 bales. January 1931 delivery closed at 9.63 at a rise of 2 points.

Egyptian Cotton futures were quiet but steady and closed at a decline of 3 to 7 points. Sakellaridis Spot Cotton prices remained unchanged at 16.40d.

Empire Cotton futures ruled steady at a rise of 3 points with October 9.63 and January 9.55d.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October highest 18.17, lowest 17.97.

N. Y. January highest 18.52 (11-50), lowest 18.33 (10-14 a.m.)

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables:—

Travelling man wires from Atlanta (Georgia): Crop improving in my territory (Central and Eastern Belt) weather favourable weevil not a factor to date in Northern third of my territory. Plants rapidly setting large quantity of bolls. My States as whole continue to increase expectancy with outlook generally very satisfactory.

Travelling man wires from Austin, Texas:—

Hot weather doing serious damage in Texas. Boll weevil becoming numerous and destructive, Boll-weevil have done more damage than reports indicate. Crop has deteriorated very much in past 10 days.

Liverpool market closed steady owing local shorts covering. Garside estimates U.S.A. consumption last month 543,000 bales.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool:—

General rain badly needed Texas, little reported to-day but not sufficient to relieve drought. Tone of the market rather better.

Messrs. Newall and Clayton have received the following cable from their Liverpool Head Office.

Cotton: Market acts steadier in spite of some rain in West Texas.

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following telegrams from their Liverpool friends dated 12th August, 1929:—

Messrs. J. H. Springman & Co.: "Crop prospects have undergone no material change."

"See nothing in the position to cause an advance other than a reaction."

Messrs. Mellor and Fenton.—"Think market will decline further. Our private cables from America are bearish."

Messrs. Khimji Poonja and Co. have received the following cable from Messrs. Hornby Hemelryk and Co.:—

"Dry Texas Rains East Belt."

Reuter: "Market was quiet but firm on absence of selling, influenced by unfavourable crop conditions and strength of Wall Street."

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 12.

October	18.16+.15
December	18.39+.13
January	18.43+.13
March	18.68+.18
May	18.84+.16
Middling Spot	18.10+.15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Aug. 12.

October	18.03+.13
December	18.34+.14
Middling Spot	18.13+.13

NEW YORK.

New York. 10-55. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

October	18.05
January	18.41
March	18.60
New York. 11-45 a.m.	
October	18.14
January	18.50
March	18.69

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Aug. 12.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	19,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	1,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	4,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

	Liverpool, Opening	Aug. 12. Closing.
August		9.74+.03
September		9.69+.03
October	9.67	9.69+.03
November		9.66+.03
December		9.68+.04
January	9.66	9.68+.03
February		9.70+.05
March	9673	9.75+.05
April		9.75+.03
May	9.77	9.79+.03
June		9.78+.03
July		9.79+.03
August		9.75+.03
Middling Spot		10.18—.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, Aug. 12.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	2,000
Sales on Speculation	100
Sales of East Indian Cotton	Nil

Liverpool, Aug. 12.

Scinde, Fully Good	6.05
Scinde, Fine	6.30
Scinde, Superfine	6.55
Bengal, Good	5.80
Bengal, Fully Good	6.05
Bengal, Fine	6.30
Oomra, Good	6.35
Oomra, Fully Good	7.25
Oomra, Fine	7.55
Broach, Fully Good	8.15
Broach, Fine	8.40
Broach, Superfine	8.65

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Aug. 12.

October	15.73—.05
November	15.73—.05
January	15.90—.07
March	16.00—.09
May	16.15—.12
July	16.20—.12
Sakellaridis, F.G.F., Spot	— 16.40—

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, Aug. 12.

Robario Santa Fe, per 63 lb., Cargoes.
Shipment Sellers August 47/
Barletta Russo, per 63 lb., Cargoes.
Shipment Sellers Augusa 46/6
Wheat, South Australian, Parcels.
Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. 52/
Wheat, Choice White, Karachi, Parcels.
Shipment Liverpool. Quoted Aug/Sept. 52/

WHEAT AND SUGAR.

Liverpool, Aug. 12.

Messrs. Newall and Clayton have received the following cable from their Liverpool Head Office

Good rain in Australia, forecast also rain in Argentine

Sugar September 2.03 cents.
Sugar December 2.16 cents.
Wheat December 1.41-3/4 Dels

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.

(Messrs. Thos. Smith & Co.)

Liverpool, Aug. 12.

October close at s. 9/8 1/2d. —3d.
December close at s. 10 —2-7/8d.
March close at s. 10/3d. —3-1/2d.

Wheat Chicago:—

Sept. per bushel Dol. 1.31-5/8 —3-3/4.
Dec. per bushel Dol. 1.39-5/8 —3-5/8.
Mar. per buhel Dol. 1.44-1/4 —5-1/4.

Cable Advice:—"Market down on rain Australia and River Plate (Argentine.)"

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, Aug. 12.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard, No. 25,C. & F. Calcutta.

Oct/Dec. per cwt	-12
Jan/Mar. per cwt	12/3
C. & F. Bombay.	
Oct/Dec. per cwt	12/1-1/4
C. & F. Karachi.—	
Oct/Dec. per cwt	12/1-3/4

LONDON METALS.

London, Aug. 12

Copper, Braziers	£95-1/2
Yellow Metal	£79
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands	£22-1/4
Corrugated Sheet 24 gauge	£13-1/2
Tin, English Ingots	£209.3/4

Money Market

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

B. C. Rate T T 1/5 3/4.
B. C. Rate D D 1/5 25/32
LONDON.—
Banks Selling T T 1/5 3/4 Ready
Banks Selling D D 1/5 3/4 Mail.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 13/16 Sept.
Banks Selling T T 1/6 Jan.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 13/16 Near.
Banks Buying D D 1/5 7/8 Near.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 7/8 15th Sept.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 5-32 Mail.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 3/16 Aug.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 1/4 Sept.
NEW YORK.—
B C Rate T T 279
Banks Selling T T 278 3/4
Banks Buying T T 277 1/2
PARIS —
Banks Selling D D 916
Banks Buying D D 928
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 940
JAPAN.—
Banks Selling T T 130 1/2.
Banks Buying 60 days 128.
HONGKONG.—
Banks Selling D D 134 1/2.
SHANGHAI —
Banks Selling D D 161 1/2.
SINGAPORE.—
Banks Selling D D 156 1/4
JAVA.—
Banks Selling D D 89 7/8
CROSS RATE.—
New York/London 4/84 3/4 12th inst.
Shanghai/London 2/4 1/2 15th inst.
Japan/London 1/11 1/8 12th inst.
London/Paris 123/95 12th inst.
London/Belgium 34/87 12th inst.
London/Switzerland 25/21 12th inst.
London/Italy 92/75 12th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £4/4/11 1/2 10th inst. £4/4/11 1/2 12th inst.
Silver London Ready 24 1/4 10th inst. 24 9/16 12th inst.
Silver London Forward 24 3/8 10th inst. 24 5/16 12th inst.
Silver New York Ready 52 3/4 10th inst. 52 3/4 12th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 5 1/2 p.c. 10th inst. 5 1/2 p.c. 12th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos 6 1/8 p.c. 10th inst. 6 p.c. 12th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 1|2 per cent.
Mone: Inter Bank Call 1 per cent. Nominal. 3 Mos. 2 1/4 per cent. 6 Mos. 3 per cent. 12 Mos. 4 1|2 per cent.
Tone Easy.

"Tone of Silver"—Quietly steady.—absence of support. Business small.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Aug. 13.

3-1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 68/2.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931/36 Rs. 91/4.
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 90/10
4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 77/12.
4-1|2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 96|2.
4-1|2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 90/0
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 96/2.
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 98.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100/12
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945/55 Rs. 102|5.
6 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 101/9.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 102/9.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 103/9.
6-1|2 per cent B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 107.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 77.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 77.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 77.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 106.
6 per cent Municipal due 1929/49 Rs. 100.

Forward Rates:—16th August settlement. 3-1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 68/2/0 5 per cent. 1945/55 Rs. 102/3/0 5 per cent. 1939/44 Rs. 96|5|0

Tone of market:—Quiet but steady.

LONDON DISCOUNT

Bombay, Aug. 13.

3 months Discounts 5 1/2 per cent.
6 months Discounts 6 per cent.
Bank of England rate 5-1|2 p.c.
Call Money 1-1|2 per cent. Nom.
1 month 1 1/2 per cent.
Three Months 2-1/2 per cent.
Six months 4 per cent.
Twelve months 4-1/4 per cent.
Imperial Bank of India rate 5 p.c.
Tone of Money Market.—Easy.

BULLION

—:o:—

(The Bombay Bullion Brokers' Asso. Ltd.)

Bombay. Aug. 13.

The local silver market was quiet but steady. London quotations were down by 1/16d. New York Silver market was easy at 52-1/2 cents. There was only small turnover of business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Double options premium for Shravan was As. 8. Bhadarva As. 14 and Aso delivery was Rs. 1/5. The Gold market was quiet but steady.

London Ready 24/3.
London Forward 24/5.
China op. 2/4/9 clo. 2/4/9.
American cent 52/14.
Ready 55/8.
Shravan op. 55/7 clo. 55/7.
Bhadra op. 55/8 clo. 55/8.
Tejimandi Shravan /5/-
,, Bhadra /15/-

Gold:—
Ready 21/6/3.
Shravan 21/6/6.
Bhadra 21/6/9.
N. City 21/11.
N. Manor 21/10/-

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Aug. 12

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed lb. Spot 10-11/16 Sellers.

LONDON PRODUCE.

—:o:—

London, Aug. 12.

Cottonseed, Bombay, ton.
Shipment Seller Aug/Sept. £9/0/0
Castorseed, Bombay, ton.
Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. £17/15/0
Rapeseed, Toria, ton.
Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. £20/0/0

LINSEED.

London, Aug. 12.

Linseed, Calcutta, ton.
Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. £20/5/0
Linseed, Calcutta, ton.
Shipment Sellers Sept/Oct. £20/7/6
Linseed, La Plata, C.I.F., ton.
Shipment to Hull Sellers Aug/Sept. £19/7/6
Linseed, Bombay, ton.
Shipment Sellers Aug/Sept. £21/0/0

LINSEED OIL

London, Aug. 12.

Linseed Oil, naked, London, cwt. Delivery Buyers Sept/Dec. 34/6
Linseed Oil, naked, London, cwt. Delivery Buyers Jan/April 33/7-1/2

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Aug. 12.

Coffee, Fair Rio (No. 7, quality), Spot 1 15.3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Aug. 12

Chartered Bank of I. A. and C.	£19-5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai (London Register)	£126
National Bank	£50
Eastern Bank	£6-5/8
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	£84-7/8
Conversion Loan	£73-7/8
Indian Loan 5 1/2 p.c.	£99.3/4
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 p.c.	£49-1/2
Indian Stock 3 p.c. Sterling Loan	£57-1/4
Indian Stock 3-1/2 p.c. Sterling Loan	£53-3/4
Consols	£53.3/4
War Loan 5 p.c.	£100-7/8
Victory Bond 4 p.c.	£90-1/2

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, Aug. 12.

Demand Bills 484.31

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug. 12

Silver—Market closed quietly steady

Spot	24-3/16
Forward	24.5/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, Aug. 12

Bar Gold, Fine per oz. £4/4/11-1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Aug. 12.

Interest, Day to Day Loans	4 p.c.
Interest, 7 Day's Market Loans	4-1/2 p.c.
Bank Bills, 3 months	5-1/2 p.c.
Bank Bills, 6 month	6 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	6 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	6-3/8 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Aug. 12.

T T Berlin on London	20.37
T T Amterdam on London	12.10-5/8
T T Brussels on London	34.87
T T Madrid on London	Closed
T T Milan on London	Closed
T T Berne on London	25.21
T T Paris on London	123.38
T T London on Prague	163.71

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

—:o:—

DAILY WEATHER.

Light rain Eastern Belt. Light to moderate rain Central Belt, Arkansas. Oklahoma (Western Belt). The U.S. daily forecast says entire belt partly cloudy.

CONSUMPTION REPORT.

The Census Bureau report on U.S. mill consumption for July will be issued on the 14th instant.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

For First Twenty Words AND

ONE ANNA

For each additional word

Terms :—CASH with order

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The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. —Advertisement Department, 'Bombay Chronicle,'" to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A LADY DOCTOR, L.C.P. and S. or M.B.B.S. for a female Hospital up-country. Apply stating qualifications experience, age, nationality and lowest terms. No private practice allowed, to Box No. 2339 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A 32685

WANTED—A Competent and experienced GUJERATI GRADUATE as RESIDENT TUTOR for a Boarding School in Bombay, Boarding and Lodging free. Pay according to qualifications. Apply stating qualifications to Box No.2337 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1811.

WANTED.

Applications are invited for the post of permanent DISTRICT INSPECTORS under the BRITANIA TEA CO. LTD., to organise agencies for sale of "BRITANIA TEA" (loose or packed by the company) starting salary Rs. 130-25-300., plus bonus. Candidates if selected, will have to qualify themselves by purchasing shares of the Company worth Rs. 130|- and the full amount is to be paid after selection. Applications with copies of testimonials should be forwarded to the Calcutta Office of the Company: BRITANIA TEA CO., LTD., 25 B. Swallow Lane, Calcutta.

EDUCATIONAL.

For Rapid and thorough training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy join immediately the POPULAR SHORT-HAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, Darya Mahal (Saraswati Building) opp. Thakker Bros., near Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, Principal B. B. RELE B.A., LL.B., Concession given to the Poor and the unemployed. Special arrangements for LADY STUDENTS. Special Shorthand Speed Class for advanced students.
M —— W. S.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENT.

GET THE BLOOD OF YOUR GUMS EXAMINED microscopically and then get it re-examined after using PYRO-KILL for three days and you will find a tremendous difference. PYRO-KILL kills dreadful pyorrhoea germs and cures it, stops bleeding and pus forming atonce cures gumboils, toothache and firms the gums immensely, Etc., etc. The well-known herbal remedy for all dental diseases. Highest testimonials. Rs. 2 a phial. PARK Co., Kashmir.
R1781

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates :—

	Per Column. Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 58-0-
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the Common Jury, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court this (Wednesday) afternoon the 14th August, 1929 at 3 o'clock (S.T.)

REGINALD SPENCE,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Sheriff's Office,
High Court,
Bombay, 14th August, 1929.
32688

THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that as per resolution passed at the General Meeting of the Shareholders held on the 9th August, 1929, a dividend for the year ended 31st March, 1929, at the rate of Rs. 45|- per whole share and Rs. 22-8-0 per half share will be paid to the Shareholders on and after WEDNESDAY, the 21st inst., between the hours of 12 30 p.m. to 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the registered office of the Company, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

Bombay, 10th August, 1929.

(Sd.) DAMODHER THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & CO.,
Agents.
32680

SEE KASHMIR THIS YEAR

A specially conducted tour will run during August-September covering 5,200 miles and comprising famous places of Upper India as previously announced.

CATERING will be provided on train.

EVERY COMFORT arranged.

REDUCE TRIP fares:—

II Class Rs. 178|-

III Class Rs. 86|-.

BOOKING has now commenced and will close on

15TH AUGUST 1929.

ACCOMMODATION STRICTLY LIMITED.

Apply to Publicity Officer,

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

for full particulars.
32560

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

VALUABLE PLOTS OF LAND on the Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay's new thoroughfare in the heart of its most important office and business quarter, are available for building leases for 999 years with option to purchase the ground rent on attractive terms in lump or by instalments at any time within ten years. Building period of two years with rebate of 100 per cent. of rent in the first year and 50 per cent. in the second year. Basements allowed, if water-tight. Sub-division of existing plots to about 250 square yards will be considered wherever possible.

Brokerage of 1-1|2 per cent. on the capital value will be given to Architects, Engineers and recognised Land Brokers.

For further terms and conditions and plan of site, apply to the Executive Engineer, Bombay Municipality.

A. R. DAJIAL,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
32392

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1161 of 1929.

ESMAIL HAJI MAHOMED and others. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
ABDULLA SULLEMAN HAJI JUMMA and ors. Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Consent Decree herein dated the 7th day of August, 1929, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of Sulleman Haji Jumma, deceased, who died at Bombay on or about the 10th day of December, 1927, are hereby required to file such claims in writing in the English language in the office of my attorneys Messrs. Mulla and Mulla at Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Bombay, within one calendar month from the date hereof and the said claimants are required to specify their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily exempted from the benefits of the said Consent Decree.

Dated this 13th day of August, 1929.

ESMAIL HAJI MAHOMED,
Special Commissioner.
32684

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913

and

In the matter of the Porebunder Stone Company, Limited, a Joint Stock Company, registered under the Indian Companies' Act and having its Registered Office in Bombay.

The BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LTD., through its Official Liquidator ..... Petitioner.

The Creditors of the abovenamed Company are required on or before the 12th day of September, 1929, to send in their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts and claims and the names and addresses of their Attorneys (if any) to the Court Liquidator who has been appointed Official Liquidator of the said Company at his Office at Jehangir Building, 133, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and if so required by notice in writing from the said Official Liquidator or in person or by their Attorneys to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time as shall be specified in the said notice or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts and claims are proved.

Dated at Bombay this 13th day of August, 1929.

A. B. SUTARIA,
For Messrs. Dastur and Co.,
Attorneys for the Official Liquidator of the Porebunder Stone Company, Ltd.
32686

Famous Rajya Astrologer.

Pandit LEKHRAMJI (of Bhragoo Sanhita) has come to Bombay for stay upto 20th August. He prepares a person's horoscope simply by reading the signs on the palm, and foretells events of the whole life (past, present and future) most accurately. Satisfaction guaranteed. Scores of testimonials from Rajahs and ruling Princes. Consultation hours 8 a.m. to 11 a.m., and 2 to 6 p.m., at Madhavbag Dharamshala, C. P. Tank.

(Advt.)

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai ZULEKHABAI, widow of Abu Sulleman, MARIAMBAI, widow of Usman Sulieman, SALEH MAHOMED USMAN, MAHOMED USMAN and MAJID USMAN, the last three minors by their mother and natural guardian the said Mariambai, ABDULLA USMAN and KHATIZABAI, widow of Suleman Abu, a minor by her father and natural guardian Abdul Karim Sheriff, all of Bombay, Halai Memon Mahomedan inhabitants, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make th same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Old Oriental Bank Building, 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof-otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground Rent land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at 7th and 8th Kamatipura Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 358 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 4114, 4115, 4116, 4117 and 4118, New Nos. 10703, 10704, 10705, 10706 and 10707 and Old Survey Nos. 3673, 3674, 3675, 3676 and 3677 and New Survey Nos. 6299, 6300, 6301 and 6302, and Cadastral Survey No. 146 of Byculla Division, and in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward Nos. 1631, 1632, 1633, 1759-1760 (1-2) and Street Nos. 119, 121, 123, 134, 140-1, and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Ellappa Sayanna and Bai Hirabai, on or towards the West by the house of Bordu Gangajee, on or towards the North by the said 8th Kamatipura Street, and on or towards the South by the said 7th Kamatipura Street.

Dated this 13th day of August, 1929.

THAKORDAS DARU HEMANY & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
32689

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of BHIKHIBAI, widow of Hari Dwarkoji Thakur, of Bombay, Agri Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Parel, Bhoiwada, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

RAMCHANDRA HARI DWARKOJI THAKUR, of Bombay, Agri Hindu Inhabitant, a Landlord, residing at Parel, Bhoiwada, outside the Fort ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of letters of administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN WRIGHT KEMP, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this Tenth day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine, and in the Twentieth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) E. FAHEY.

The 10th day of August, 1929.

Messrs. MANILAL & KHER,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
32687

AUCTION SALES.

Messrs. B.G. PAREKH & Co.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
30, Hummam Street, Fort,
Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT LADY JAMSHEDJI ROAD, MAHIM (VANJA-WADI).

Under instructions from Messrs. Thatte and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees Messrs. Premchand Devchand and Co., and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Abdul Razak Bin Rahimbux Hakim and pursuant to the powers of sale contained in two Indentures of Mortgage; dated 30th June 1922 and 11th February 1924, Messrs. B. G. PAREKH & CO., Auctioneers, will on THURSDAY, the 22nd day of August, 1929 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises the undermentioned properties in different lots:

(LOT NO 1.)—All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground registered in the Books of Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 892 containing by admeasurement 153 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon situate lying and being at Lady Jamshedji Road, in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Municipality under 'G' Ward No. 4980/(1) and Street Nos. 308, 308A, and bounded on the East by Gully and property of Karu Miya, on the West by Gully and property of Badoola, on the North by Gully and property of Masjid, on the South by private passage.

(LOT NO. 2.)—All that piece or parcel of perpetual Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage or building standing thereon situate at Lady Jamshedji Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 310 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of land Revenue along with other land under old No. 11.414, New No. D 3457. Old Survey No. 3192, and New Survey No. 2132 and bounded on the East by the property of Abdul Rahim Allasaheb Sattope, on the West by the property of Memou Ismail Jusab, on the North by the property of Aminabai widow of Lalmiya and on the South by Gangabai's Chawal and the buildings thereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under 'G' Ward No. 4959 and Street No. 287, P.B.M. and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 894.

(LOT NO. 3.)—All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Lady Jamshedji Road (Vanja Wadi) outside the Fort and in Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 78 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 167, New No. 3788, and old Survey No. 1/66, 1/89 and 2/848. New Survey No. 1/21 and Cadastral Survey No. 877 of Mahim Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'G' Ward No. 4991 and Street No. 319 and bounded as follows:—

That is to say on or towards the East by vacant ground, on or towards the West by the house of Baba Miya, on or towards the North by the house of Shaikh Ramjan and on or towards the South by the house of Ganny Hasanalli and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Mortgagor and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Thatte and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their office at Examiner Press Building, Medows Street or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY CALLED "LAXMI BUILDING" SITUATE AT KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai and Co., Attorneys for the transferees of mortgage and Further charge Mr. Lalji Doongersey his Mithabai and Parvatibai, widow of Jadavji Doongersey and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Mr. Lakhmichand Chhogmal Baid and in exercise of the power of sale contained in the indentures of Mortgage dated 16th May, 1924, and further charge dated the 14th October 1924 and made between the said Lakhmichand Chhogmal Baid of the one part and Lalji Doongersey and Jadavji Doongersey of the other part, Messrs. B. G. PAREKH & CO., Auctioneers will on SATURDAY, the 24th August 1929, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises the property hereunder described:

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground with the messuage tenements or dwelling houses known as Laxmi Building standing thereon situate lying and being on the Eastern side of the Parel Road or otherwise called Kalbadevi Road, in the Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 649-5/9th square yards or thereabouts be the same little more or less and bounded as follows:—

On or towards the North by the property late of Parvatibai widow Premji Moolji and now of Dharamsey Purshottam. East property of Vellaji Dharamsey, South property of Pandurang Laxman and West Parel Road or otherwise called the Kalbadevi Road and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 80, New No. 691, Old Survey No. 204. and New Survey No. 1479 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1555 under Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward No. 482 (1-2) Street No. 315, 317, 317A.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai and Co., Attorneys for the abovenamed Transferees of Mortgage at their offices at 41, Humman Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

B. G. PAREKH & CO.,
Auctioneers.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF EMPTY DEALWOOD PACKING CASES, CRATES & WOODEN REELS.

Under instructions from the Controller of Stores, G.I.P. Railway, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 14th August, 1929, at the undermentioned time and place the above mentioned goods.

At 2-30 p.m. at the G.I.P. Railway Stores Depot, Parel.

At 4-30 p.m. at Carriage and Wagon Shops, Matunga.

MENESSE & CO.

GANDHI & CO.

—:o:—

SALE THIS DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF 75 CASES NATURA MILK, LION BRAND PACKED IN 1 IB. TINS.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 14th August, 1929, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort, by order of the Office concerned:—

75 cases each containing 48 tins of 1 lb. each, Natura Milk. Sterlized Pure Lion Brand.

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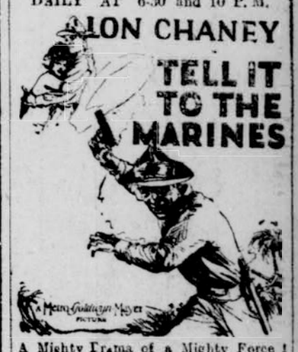
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IN
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A ROLLICKING, RIB-TICKLING FARCE THAT WILL MAKE YOU LAUGH-SICK AT A LOVE-SICK, SEA-SICK HERO!

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P. & O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES. (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK).

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1929			
17 Aug	Nalders *	All	16,088
24 ,,	Razmak		10,602
31 ,,	Malwa	vessels	11,000
7 Sept.	Rawalpin		16,319
14 ,,	Narkunda x		16,372
21 ,,	Rajputana	with	16,518
28 ,,	Morea		10,946
5 Oct.	Viceroy of India	now	19,648
12 ,,	Mantua		10,946
19 ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
26 ,,	Ranpura	sail	16,601
2 Nov.	Razmak		10,602
9 ,,	Maloja x		20,837
16 ,,	Ranchi	direct	16,650
23 ,,	Macedonia		11,120
30 ,,	Morea		10,954
7 Dec.	Naldera*	from	16,088
14 ,,	Viceroy of India		19,649
21 ,,	Rawalpindi	Bombay	16,614
28 ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
1930			
4 Jan.	Narkunda x	without	16,572
11 ,,	Razmak		10,602
18 ,,	Rajputana x		16,588
25 ,,	Ranchi	transship	16,650
1 Feb.	Mooltan x		20,847
8 ,,	Morea		10,954
15 ,,	Mantua*	most	10,946
22 ,,	Viceroy of India		19,000
1 Mar.	Maloja x		20,837
8 ,,	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
15 ,,	Razmak @		10,602
22 ,,	Ranpura	Aden	16,601
29 ,,	Naldera x		16,088
5 April	Ranchi		16,650
12 ,,	Rawalpindi*		16,619
17 April	Morea (Extra)		10,946
19 ,,	Razmak		10,602
25 ,,	Malwa @		11 000
26 ,,	Narkunda x		16,572

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

All passengers are required to be in Possession of passports.

@ To Marseilles only.

x Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

x Through Steamers from Australia have limited accomodation for passengers from India.

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BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS. BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

With liberty to call at Port Sudan Malta and/or Tangier.

Datesbout	Steamers.	Tons
1929		
15th Aug.	Domala	8442
18th Nov.	Dumana	8427½
9th Dec.	Dumala	8442
1930		
3rd April.	Dumana	8427
24th ,,	Domala	8442

These two vessels are one class ships Fares as follows:—

	Single	Return
Bombay to Plymouth	A £64	£112
	B £60	£103
	C £56	£98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date About1929 about		
16th Aug.	Comoria	Colombo and Australia
18th ,,	Mirzapore*	Straits China and Japan.
23rd ,,	Alipore *	Straits China and Japan.
30th ,,	Mantua	Colombo Straits China.
13th Sept.	Maloja	Colombo and Australia
27th ,,	Macedonia	Colombo Straits China and Japan
11th Oct.	Naldera	Australia.
25th ,,	Rawalpindi	Colombo Straits, China and Japan
8th Nov.	Narkunda	Australia.
22nd ,,	Rajputana	Colombo Straits, China & Japan.
6 Dec.	Mooltan	Australia.
20th ,,	Mantua	Colombo Straits, China & Japan.

* Class only.

SHIPPING

NYK LINE

OR SINGAPORE CHINA & JAPAN

Steamers.	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Kamo Maru	8000	— —	@21 Aug.
aNageto Maru	5901	18 Aug.	27 Aug
Katori Maru	10000	— —	@4 Sept.
Tamba Maru	5845	29 Aug	12 Sept.
Atsuta Maru	8 00	— —	a 18Sept
aTokushima Maru	5976	16 Sept.	28 ,,
Kashima Maru	10000	— —	@ 2 Oct
Sado Maru	5898	30 Sept.	14 ,,

aDo not carry passengers.
@ From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseille
Fushimi Maru	11000	22 Aug.	9 Sept
Hakozaki Maru	10509	5 Sept.	22Sept.
Hakusan Maru	10400	19 ,,	6 Oct.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamers.	Tons	From Hong-Kong.	From Kobe
Korea Maru	20000	4 Sept.	11 Sept.
Shinyo Maru	22000	18 ,,	25 ,,

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1929		
4th Aug.	Baroda	Busreh via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports
14th ,,	Karapara	East & South Africa.
16th Aug.	Varela	Basrah via Karachi

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Auraiya.	Ghaziabad.
Deoband	Sikandrabad.
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LONDON BANKERS:
The P. & O. Banking Corporation, Limited.
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Banking business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Yokohama Specie Bank Limited,

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen.
Subscribed Capital	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	100,000,000
Reserve Fund	105,500,000

BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Janeir
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Singapore
Calcutta	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Canton	Manila	Sourabaya
Changchun	Marunouchi (Tokio)	San Francisco
Dairen	Nagasaki	Samarang
Fengtien	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Pekin	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. opened for approved customers an interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

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Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

T. WASHIO,
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Imperial Bank of India

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE
APOLLO STREET.
BRANCHES.
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Sandhurst Road—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

SAVINGS BANK.
DEPOSITS: Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000 in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

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When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000 the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a Special Savings Banks Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.

INTEREST is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank Accounts and at the rate of three and a half per cent per annum on the daily balances of the Special Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

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THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LTD. (Est. 1891.)

No Share-holders
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TRUSTEE — GOVT. OFFICIAL TRUSTEE.

Claims paid over Rs. 550,000
Insurance fund over Rs. 400,000

Compare with others its GREAT AGE, SECURITY, Management and Absolutely the lowest rates.

CASH BONUS in the shape of difference of premium with the Bonus giving offices with every payment of premium.

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AGENCY APPLICATIONS INVITED.

East AND West INSURANCE Co., Ltd.

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Purely Indian Concern—Offers everything best in Life Insurance

Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12/- per Rs. 1000/- per year.

Several new attractive plans.

Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions.

For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the—
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Western India LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

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PRE-EMINENT among INDIAN COMPANIES at the age of 13.
Fourth Valuation as the end of 1926.

UNSURPASSED BONUS!

Bonus per W. Life Rs. 23-1/2	1000 p.a. End Rs. 18.

Strongest Reserves!!!
(1) Life Assurance Fund. Rs. 10,64,963.
(2) Total Undivided Reserve Rs. 3,42,176.
RATIO of (2) to (1) 32 per cent.

NO OTHER COMPANY in INDIA can show EQUAL RESULTS.

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Name of Subscriber .....

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Date of paper ..... Date of delivery .....

City & Suburbs

TO-DAY.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Rovers Cup: Royal Ulsters (Poona) v. R. A. (Colaba), Cooperage, 5-30 p.m.

THURSDAY, August 15.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Rovers Cup: Dhunrajgiris (Hyderabad) v. G. I. P. Rly., Cooperage, 5-30 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notification Columu.

ARYA SAMAJ OFFICE

A public meeting will be held at the Arya Samaj Hall Kakadwadi Girgaum, Bombay, to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p. m. (B. T.) when Pandit Ramchandra Shastri will deliver a lecture on 'Teachings of Kuran''.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Colombo, and Australia per S.S. "Comorin" will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Thursday the 15th inst

MARNENSES UNION (SIOLIM)

The Annual Social Gathering of the members and sympathisers of the above Union will be held on Saturday (17th instant) at 9.30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Catholic Library Hall, Cavel.

YOUNG THEISTS' UNION.

Under the auspices of the Young Theists Union there will be a public debate in the Ram Mohan Ashram (Prarthana Samaj) at 6.30 p. m. to-day (Wednesday) when Mr. G. G. Mahadevis Advocate will move that 'Ci-education is Desirable.' Principal R. P. Kar will preside.

BOMBAY HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

A meeting of the members of the Bombay Historical Society, and their friends, will be held in the Board Room of the Prince of Wales' Museum, Esplanade Road, to-day, (Wednesday) at 6 p. m. (S. T.) A paper on "Jainism in the Royal Families of Ancient India" will be read by Mr. Chimanlal J. Shah.

BOMBAY COUNCIL NOMINATIONS.

A Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary states:—

"The Governor has accepted the resignations by Messrs. C. S. C. Harrison, C. I. E., H. Dow, I. C. S., and D. MacLachlan, I. C. S., of their offices of member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay, and he has nominated Messrs. C. B. Pooley, C. I. E., H. R. Gould, I.C.S., and F. B. P. Lory, being officials, to be members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay.

BOMBAY'S NEW ADVOCATES.

The following candidates have been declared successful at the Advocates' (original side) examination held in July.

Messrs. Nariman Merwanji Bhagalia, Shankar Vinayak Gupte, Govindram Ganpatram Mahadevia, Noshirwan Kavasji Petigara, Phiroze Jamshedji Shroff and Kantilal Manchhashanker Vakil.

Mr. Meherjee Jamshedjee Vakil has been declared successful in Part 1 of the examination.

INDIAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

A fortnightly meeting of the Indian Chemical Society, Bombay Section, will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5. 30 p. m. at the Royal Institute of Science.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Ranpura" with the mails from Bombay of the 3rd instant arrived at Port Said at 12-30 a. m. on the 13th instant and left there at 4-30 a. m. the same day.

BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE

ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.

(Established 1871.)

Last BONUSES declared at Rs. 18/- and Rs. 15/- on whole Life and Endowment Policies.

Run on purely Democratic principle.

Assurances effected at LOWEST possible costs.

All PROFITS divisible Amongst Members only.

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Further particulars from:

THE SECRETARY,
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Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, Fort,
BOMBAY.

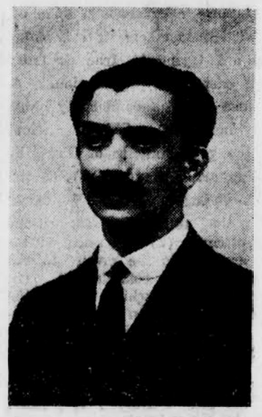
CATHOLIC STUDENTS UNION MUDDLE

MUSLIM STUDENTS ADAMANT

APOLOGY TO MR. ALVA

Fresh developments have taken place since the proposal of the Muslim Students' Union to have Mr. Joachim Alva in the chair at their debate, on last Saturday, was rejected by the Catholic Students' Union. That this matter is now not going to end as was expected is known from what is understood from the side of the Muslim Students' Union. Some officials of the Muslim Students' Union are credited with moving strongly in the matter and have urged upon their General Secretaries. Messrs. Salim Merchant and Ahmed Merchant, entirely to cancel the debate as a protest against the attitude of the Catholic Students' Union in their not accepting Mr. Joachim Alva as the Chairman of the debate. So the debate which was merely postponed may be entirely cancelled, unless, as it is reported, the Catholic Students' Union, invite Mr. Joachim Alva to take the chair after a due apology is given to him.

However it appears that the General Secretary and the Treasurer of the Catholic Students' Union have written to Mr. Alva to express their regret "at the seriousness of the affair which was due to the absolutely unauthorised and uncalled-for action of a few



Mr. Dara Masters, a prominent business man of Bombay is the first Indian passenger to arrive by the air mail.

members of the Catholic Students' Union." They have also associated the President, Captain Jos. Alban De Souza, with their expression of regret.

The Catholic circles are very much perturbed as there is a likelihood of a boycott on the part of several of the annual social gathering of the Catholic Students' Union to commemorate the tenth anniversary of its foundation, which is coming off on Saturday next, under the chairmanship of His Grace Dr. Joachim Lima, the Archbishop of Bombay.

TUESDAY'S ATTENDANCE 1,11,636

The Secretary, Bombay Millowners' Association writes.—

Bombay, Aug. 13.

"The attendance has improved by 1,600 and stands at 1,11,636."

BOMBAY EAST SUBURBAN DIST. COOPERATIVE CONFERENCE.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Divisional Cooperative Institute a meeting of the head jobbers and jobbers of the Swadesi Mills Kurla was held on Sunday last at Tata Welfare Institute Hall, Kurla to give them some idea of the forthcoming Conference under the presidency of Mr. M. J. Bhathena.

Mr. S. H. Patil dwelt on the importance of the Conference and requested the audience to join the Reception Committee.

Mr. M. J. Bhathena earnestly appealed to those present to be members of the Reception Committee and to make the Conference a success. As a result 50 persons joined the Reception Committee on the spot.

HEALTH OF BOMBAY.

During the week ended 10th inst. the total Mortality 503 was 12 more than in the preceding week; the death rate registered was 20.1 The figures compare favourably with those for the 32nd week of 1928 when the mortality was 503 and death rate 20.1, and with those for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium 1924-1928 when the average mortality was 638 and death rate 26.0.

Out of the total deaths 168 were among infants under one year of age. Cholera caused 1 attack but no death during the week. Smallpox caused 18 attacks and 9 deaths daring the week. Plague was absent during the week. The number of live births registered during the week was 435 and compares favourably with that for the 32nd week of 1928 when the figure was 411 and with the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in five years (1924-1928) viz. 402.

HIGH COURT

ALLEGED IMITATION OF TRADE MARK

INTERIM INJUNCTION

Mr. Justice Kemp at the High Court issued an interim injunction in favour of the Buckingham and Karnatak Mills Co. restraining Bawa Parduman Singh and Sons from selling towels and coating bearing marks and numbers and letters and having designs which, they alleged, were a colourable imitation of their own marks and designs.

The plaintiffs' goods were known in the market by the marks of a "Kainchi" (scissors) or "Tulwar" (sword).

His Lordship granted an interim injunction and ordered the hearing of the suit to be expedited.

A BROTHER'S ALLEGED VINDICTIVENESS

AN INTERESTING INSOLVENCY CASE

Before Mr. Justice Rangnekar at the High Court an application was made by Mr. Darabshaw Bomanji Dubash, a Parsi merchant, for annullment of the insolvency order passed against him ex-parte in July last at the instance of the petitioning creditor Perozshaw Ruttonji Desai.

The applicant stated that the application of the petitioning creditor was absolutely 'mala fide' and that the creditor was really the nominee and tool of his brother Ardeshir who bore great enmity towards him and that the proceedings initiated by the adjudication petition were but one of a series of systematic attempts made by his brother to bring about his downfall and ruin.

Until April 3 last, the petitioner and his brother were carrying on business in partnership under the name and style of Cursetji Muncherji's Sons, as Dubashes Stevedores and Co. having equal shares therein. The firm, now in the course of being wound up, was a very old and established firm carrying on business in Bombay for over a century. The net profits made by the firm during the 15 months prior to its dissolution as ascertained by qualified auditors was Rs. 4,64,000.

For some time past the petitioner was in monetary difficulties due to the fact that he dealt largely in immoveable properties in Bombay. He alleged that Ardeshir taking advantage of his difficulties, conceived the idea of putting various other difficulties in his way with a view to secure for himself the whole of the partnership business with its goodwill. Further he began circulating false reports about his financial position. On April 3, 1929, the said Ardeshir dissolved the partnership and the very next day opened an office under the name of Ardeshir B. Cursetji and Sons and obtained renewal of contracts from shipping companies which in the ordinary course should have been placed with the original firm.

Thereafter the petitioner alleged that Ardeshir's next move was to purchase the good-will of the said business at a gross undervalue and with this object he, as a Director of the Central Bank of India, induced them to attach the assets, good-will and income of the firm on the strength of a decree obtained against him.

The petitioner, proceeding, stated that the petitioning creditor was not his real creditor, but purported to be an endorsee of two promissory notes passed by him in favour of Mr. P. M. Marker and another in favour of Bai Perozbai. He submitted that the adjudication had been sought for the purpose of being able to purchase the good-will of his business and that it was a fraud practised upon the Court.

Further hearing was adjourned.

TATA SCHOLARSHIPS FOR FOREIGN EDUCATION

SIX CANDIDATES SELECTED

At a meeting of the Committee of the J. N. Tata Education Scheme, Bombay, held on Tuesday, out of a large number of applicants from all over India and Burma, the following candidates were selected for Tata Studentships for the current year:—

Mr. S. Bhoothalingham of Madras University for Economics and I.C.S.; Mr. G. V. Bedekar of Bombay University for I.C.S. and Mathematical Tripos; Mr. N. K. Dravid of Bombay University for I.C.S. and Economics; Mr. Sarv Daman Singh Chowla of Punjab University for Mathematics and I.C.S.; Mr. G. R. Tongaonkar of Bombay University for Electrical Engineering; and Mr. G. R. Kamat of Bombay University for I.C.S. and Mathematics.

DACOITY AT PAREL

PERPETRATORS WEAR MASKS

FIVE PATHANS ARRESTED

Five Pathans have been arrested by the Bhoiwada Police Station in connection with the dacoity committed in the early hours of Saturday morning at Parel village in which property valued at Rs. 4,500 was taken away. The Pathans were attired in khaki, and after ransacking three Marwari shops took to their heels in different directions. The police are making vigorous enquiries to trace all the culprits, although it is very difficult to identify them as the dacoity was committed in pitch darkness with masked faces.

WOMAN KILLED BY MOTOR CAR

A fatal accident occurred to Mrs. Mary DeSouza (40), an Indian Christian woman who was knocked down by a motor car and dragged 23 yards resulting in the fracture of the skull and several ribs. At the inquest held by the Coroner, evidence was led to show that motor car No. Z-5005 was driven by Mr. Pallonji Sorabji Engineer along Charni Road, who had a temporary license which expired a few months ago. While Mr. Engineer was talking with a friend in the car, the deceased was run over and dragged 23 feet opposite the Girgaon Police Court. Several persons shouted to stop the car and it was stopped after it had run 23 yards. Mrs. DeSouza was removed to the J. J. Hospital where she died soon after admission. As the suspect wished to call evidence the Coroner adjourned further hearing till Monday next.

SIR HARRY LAUDER AT THE EMPIRE

WORLD'S GREATEST COMEDIAN ON THE SILVER SCREEN

A new career as a film-star at an advanced age, and a brilliant success at the first appearance—that is the fresh achievement of Sir Harry Lauder, the world's greatest songster and comedian who is already known to the Bombay public by his stage-visit during his Indian tour a few years ago. His first picture, the "Hunting Tower", based on the story by Scot. John Buchan M. P., is now being shown at the Empire Theatre during this week. It is a gripping melodrama of love and adventure in which Lauder in the role of a funny Scotch grocer adds the lighter side by his characteristic comic ways and anties.. The beautiful Russian Actress Vera Voronа takes the leading part of the refuge Princess who seeks safety in Poland to escape from the persecution of the Bolsheviks and is ultimately rescued by the devotion of a friend aided by his uncle, the grocer, and a gang of dare-devil urchins.

Some famous and popular songs of Sir Harry Lauder (gramophone records) fill the intervals of the programme which also includes a comic, and the Gaumont Graphic.

BOMBAY'S SEABORNE TRADE

The Collector of Customs, Bombay, in a press communique states:—

The following is a statement showing the total value of Imports, Exports and re-exports of Merchandise and Imports and Exports of gold and silver (foreign trade-private) of the Bombay Presidency, excluding Sind, during the month of July 1929 as compared with the same month of the previous year.

	July 1928 Rs.	July 1929. Rs.
Imports of Merchandise	5,23,73,096	6,45,07,679
Exports of Indian produce	6,30,29,430	5,46,64,220
Exports of Foreign merchandise	28,54,072	23,66,537
Imports of gold	50,54,432	68,66,935
Import of silver	95,11,530	59,03,715
Imports of Currency notes	2,66,780	1,36,702
Exports of Gold	1,337	Nil
Exports of Silver	6,79,623	10,25,027
Exports of Currency notes	3,000	Nil

BREACH ON B. N. RY.

ADRA, Aug. 13.

The Traffic (Coal) Manager, B. N. Railway, Adra, wires under date August 13:—

The line between Tarang and Muri between mile 220/2/4 and 221/1 is breached due to very heavy rains. The 8 Up Ranchi is diverted via Chandil and Purulia. Expect the line to be repaired by about 4 p.m. to-day.—Free Press.

"AMBASSADORS OF GOOD-WILL AND FRIENDSHIP"

PICTURESQUE SCOUT RALLY AT BIRKENHEAD

KING AND CABINET MEMBERS SEND GOOD WISHES

LONDON, Aug 13.

A picturesque ceremony concluded the great Scout Jamboree at Arrowe Park, Birkenhead, Mr. Baden-Powell burying the golden hatchet in the earth and distributing golden arrows to leaders of the national contingents as symbols of peace, bidding them to "go forth as ambassadors of good-will and friendship."

SCOUTS BANQUETTED.

British and foreign representatives of the Scout movement attending the Jamboree were banquetted at Liverpool yesterday evening. Mr. J. H. Hayes, a member of the House of Commons and Vice-Chamberlain of the Royal Household, presiding, read a message from the King replying to a telegram of Mr. Baden-Powell thanking His Majesty for his hospitality and interest in the Scout movement. The King trusted the "memorable assemblage had strengthened the ties of comradeship, uniting the Boy Scouts all over the world." Messrs. MacDonald and Henderson also sent their good wishes. Over forty Nations were represented at the banquet.—Reuter.

COASTAL RESERVATION BILL

MR. HAJI'S STATEMENT

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

In a statement to the Press Mr. Sarabhai N. Haji, M.L.A., says:—"As there appears to be some misconception regarding the further stages of the Coastal Reservation Bill in the Legislative Assembly, it is desirable to make it clear that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill has already been presented to the Legislative Assembly and that as recommended therein, the Bill as amended by the Select Committee, has also been republished. Under the circumstances, at the earliest available opportunity in the Simla session, I propose to move that the Bill as reported by the Select Committee, be taken into consideration and passed."

****

Latest Cotton Quotations

NEW YORK FUTURES 25 POINTS UP

JANUARY.

NEW YORK

New York, Aug. 13.

Previous Closing Rate	18.43
To-day's Opening Rate	18.58
Difference	plus.10
To-day's Closing Rate	18.68
Difference	plus.25

The New York Cotton Futures market opened at a rise of 10 points and advanced further on unfavourable crop reports. There was considerable buying and the market closed with a rise of 25 points.

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Aug. 13.

Previous Closing Rate	9.68
To-day's Opening Rate	9.73
Difference	plus.05
To-day's Closing Rate	.. 9.77
Difference	plus.09

The Liverpool Cotton market opened at a rise of 5 points but declined 3 points on the opening level on profit-taking. Later on prices advanced on unfavourable crop reports and better New York cables. The market closed at a rise of 9 poins. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced. 7 points to 10.17 and Egyptian advanced 5 points to 16.45.

SERIOUS DAMAGE TO AMERICAN CROP.

From Our Correspondent.)

Liverpool, Aug 13.

Between midnight and day break slight rain. Abilene District (Texas) weather cool.

Garside have issued very Bullish Estimate indicating serious damage to cotton crop last week. Condition of crop declining rapidly.

EXPECTATIONS.

Liverpool 5 to 6 points higher.

Broach A/M Rs. 344 0 0

****

LONDON SILVER MARKET

London, Aug 13.

Silver Ready	24 5 0
Higher	0 2 0
Silver Forward	24 7 0
Higher	0 2 0

Tone of market: Steady.

BOMBAY PRICES.

Bombay, Aug. 13

1st Settlement	55 10 0
2nd Settlement	55 11 0

EMULATING CHASMAWALA'S EXPLOITS

BURGLARS WHO WENT TO WRONG PLACE

PLEADER'S DETECTIVE ABILITY

Edward Bar is an English bar conspicuously situated in Bandra. One night not many years ago, it had the honour of a predatory visitation from the daring dacoit gang headed by the notorious Babu Chasmawalla. For ther booty the guests carried away such a large stock of brandy and whisky that next morning the Parsi bar keeper's almirahs were found by his customers to be mockingly empty.

Recently a pair of Mahomedan burglars took it into their heads, it appears, to repeat Chasmawalla's feat by again breaking open the same shop. There are now two rooms by the side of Edward Bar both occupied by well-known pleaders, namely, Mr. D. V Wagh and Mr. V. S Pathare. The two men broke into the rooms and then to their great chagrin found they had made a mistake as that did not give them an entrance into the bar premises. However, they were determined to make the best out of a bad bargain and so they took away two typewriters, and other things from Mr. Wagh's room and one typewriter from Mr. Pathare's chambers.

The next morning when the pleaders were apprised of the thefts they reported the matter to the police. Three weeks had elapsed and yet there was no trace of the culprits. But Mr. Wagh had not solely depended upon the efforts of the police to regain his losses. As a result of a searching enquiry made by him two typewriters were traced to a B B and C I Rly guard at Bular who had purchased the machines from a secondhand shopkeeper at Bazaar Gate in Bombay. Some other articles were also recovered.

In connection with this burglary two men are in custody at the Bandra Police Station.

REMITTANCES TO THE BRITISH TREASURY

(In pounds sterling.)

Sterling purchased in India: Total remittances from 1st April 1929 to 10th August 1929, 310,000.

Transfer from Paper Currency Reserve in England to Home Treasury: Total remittances from 1st April 1929 to 10th August 1929, 7,500,000.

Total remittances from 1st April 1929 to 10th August 1929, 7,810,000.

3 ARTS CHARITY BALL

24 PRIZES

Atiya Begam announces the following prizes to be awarded at the 3 Arts Charity Ball:—

1. Army and Navy. Ladies' and Gents' Silver Brush and Comb Sets, for Balloon Dance.
2. Evans and Frasers' Ladies' manieure set and gents' trousers stretcher for spot dance.
3. Kodaks No. 2 Brownie, latest (not out yet in the market.
4. Chellaram Jewellers crystal and amethyst neck chain, for ladies' and gents' most beautiful costumes.
5. Rose and Co.'s Banjolele for gents' most original costume.
6. Asiatic Fur Co.'s for ladies' most original costume.
7. Kazi Davar, (the popular boot house) Ladies' and Gents' Handsome pairs of shoes for competition dances.
8. Adi K. Sets' Parker Duofold pen and pencil, in case, for ladies' and gents' most beautiful costumes.
9. Mrs. Blackwells' antique tortoiseshell and ivory casket for most representative 3 Arts costume.
10. Shah and Co., Provisioners. hamper, for most humorous costume.
11. Hameed Jewellers, tortoiseshell powder box, and cigarette case, and
12. Tyabbhai's leather suit case, for special prizes.

Messrs. Brandon and Co., Caterers, pins and links for Exhibition dancers.

I.V. 231.

A Wonderful Beauty Cream

'GIVES THE SKIN AN OXYGEN BATH'

ADD to your personal charm by rejuvenating your skin with purifying Oxygen. Only by the use of this delightful *non greasy* Ven-Yusa Cream is it possible to give your skin "An Oxygen Bath."

Ven-Yusa clarifies and softens the skin to a remarkable degree. It preserves its freshness and vitality, and supplies exactly what the delicate tissues need in our climate—(1) a natural tonic to stimulate the circulation and put new life into the jaded skin and—(2) a perfect emollient to preserve its smooth, velvety texture against the spoiling effect of burning sun and dust-laden winds. Ven-Yusa prevents the irritation of prickly heat.

VEN-YUSA
The Oxygen Cream

Obtainable in dainty Opal Jars of chemists and perfumers everywhere. Price Re. One.

WHY PEOPLE GROW OLD.

HOW TO RETAIN YOUTHFULNESS.

The strain of modern life and education makes many men and women old before their time, and yet a little care is all that is needed to enable them to stand up to the years with all the vigour of youth.

Iron is the life of the blood and the blood is the life of the body, lack of Iron weakens the blood so that it fails to feed the nerves and Anaemia and Nervous Debility result.

The simplest way of assimilating Iron is an occasional course of ordinary Iron Jelloids. These are made in four kinds. No. 1 for children and delicate ladies, No. 2 for adults, No. 2a a special tonic for men and No. 3 extra strong. A 14 days' supply costs Re. 1, and a 40 days' supply Rs. 2-12. Ask your chemist for a bottle to-day.

(4) (Advt.)

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These films take all the uncertainty out of Film Photography.

If you use a Rajar you know you are using the fastest film made, a film that has been hardened for tropical conditions, a film that is suitable for the yellow light of India, a film that will give a brilliant and detailed print even if you have erred slightly in over or under exposure. You will agree with the other Rajar users—"Rather a Rajar than all the rest."

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Martin & Harris, Ltd.

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The Bombay Chronicle

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST, 14, 1929.

The Root Cause

—:o:—

The fast growing number of Indians convicted for sedition leaves little doubt about the organised repression that Government seem to have deliberately decided upon. Among the latest victims of the repression are Mr. Ramanand Chatterjee and Mr. Annapurniah. To both these national workers we offer our sincere sympathies and congratulations; sympathies, because of the unmerited hardships forced on them, and congratulations, because of our conviction that the sufferings of the martyrs are destined, under the inscrutable ways of Providence, to hasten the advent of Freedom in this country. That is why we often feel inclined to say: "Hail repression"! Mr. Annapurniah being an active Congress worker, has to pay a heavier penalty for his passion for freedom. But eventually in the scales of justice the penalty will weigh as heavily against the Government that has wronged him.

The case of Mr. Ramanand Chatterjee calls for some special comment. His "offence" was that he published Dr. J. T. Sunderland's book "India in Bondage". Most of the contents of the book appeared first as articles in the "Modern Review." But Mr. Chatterjee, the Editor, was not then proceeded against. The book was published early this year and for about six months was widely read both in India and America. It was only after the book gained in popularity that Government's uneasy conscience was ruffled and they scented sedition in the book. Unable to touch the author, Government directed their attention to the publisher. The book itself is a valuable and painstaking analysis of the effects of the British administration of this country. Shortly after its publication we commended it to Indians as one of the very best books ever published on British rule in India. Every page of it breathes a passion for justice to humanity. It is, no doubt, a severe indictment of that rule. But the fault lies in the rule and not in the book that only describes it and its effects.

That brings us to an important point that should always be remembered in connection with every charge of sedition. A book or a speech or an article is penalised under Section 124-A of the I.P.C. if it creates or is likely to create "disaffection" against the established Government. Despite a Magisterial verdict we have grave doubts whether "India in Bondage" comes under Section 124-A. The language of the book is remarkably restrained, as is natural when both the author and the publisher are men with a deep sense of responsibility. But in order to make out the point we have in mind. we are prepared to assume that the book does not create affection for the Government. But what is the inference? Not necessarily that the book is bad. It is an outrage on the part of any Government to victimise its just critics for the inevitable consequences of its own shortcomings. Just critics are faithful danger signals. A Government that heeds them not and only seeks to smite them for their pains runs the grave danger of being obliged to keep itself in power by the exercise of "resolute" rule, by alternating doses of mad repression with doses of conciliations, which the ruled are quick to discover are only a camouflage. Is it too late for the rulers of this land to discover the futility of indulging in this process?

Salutary Advice

—:o:—

The MacDonald Government must be evidently finding it difficult to conduct negotiations with the Soviet for a resumption of political and economic relations while the Meerut trial is taking its course. A world-renowned figure in the domain of modern scientific achievement, Prof. Einstein, and a noted publicist who labours for the cause of securing freedom to subject people, M. Henri Barbusse, request Mr. MacDonald to realise the importance of abandoning the trial. If Mr. MacDonald and his colleagues take courage in both hands and subject to a searching analysis, the policy behind the Meerut arrests, we have no doubt they will come to the conclusion that these two distinguished men have tendered them salutary advice.

Swaraj and Indian States

—:o:—

It is very gratifying to learn that, in compliance with the resolution passed by the National Convention at Calcutta, Pundit Motilal Nehru has written to the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes and H. E. H. the Nizam, the Maharajah of Mysore and the Maharani Regent of Travancore inviting them "to appoint representatives to confer with the Committee of the Convention at a Round Table Conference on the constitutional position and status of Indian States in the future Commonwealth of India and the relations that should subsist between Indian States and the Central and Provincial Governments of the Commonwealth". The invitation should have been sent much earlier, but has been delayed because the full report of the proceedings of the Convention, which was to be sent to the Princes along with the invitation, was published only on the 12th instant. Belated as it is, the invitation, we hope, will be cordially responded to by the Princes. The stupid and mischievous effort of "Evening News of India" to instigate the Princes against leaders of British India, based as it is on a characteristically gross misrepresentation of the attitude of the latter, will, we have no doubt, be treated with the contempt it deserves. Whatever may be the difficulties of arriving at a settlement between the people of British India and the Princes and people of the States, those difficulties must be faced speedily with good-will and hope.

To The Rescus

—:o:—

The presence of Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal, the veteran Nationalist leader, in Bombay should draw pointed attention to the necessity of making the humanitarian work he has undertaken, a great success. He is busy collecting funds for flood relief in Assam. What will be Bombay's contribution to the success of the mission which Mr. Pal has undertaken along with other workers in this humanitarian field of activity like Acharya Ray? We hope this city will not be lacking in its wonted generosity. It is true that depressing business conditions incline Bombay's philanthropists at present to be careful when appeals for help are made to them but let them give their quota, however slender the amount. Let them be anonymous in their gifts, out of a noble feeling of reticence and regret that they cannot give largely. But the vital point is that Bombay must come to poor and unhappy Assam's rescue.

Push It Through

We notice that in interested quarters the suggestion is already being made that at its Simla session the Legislative Assembly will be well advised in accepting the recommendation made by the Select Committee on Mr. Haji's Bill for the reservation of coastal traffic to Swadeshi shipping that the Bill should be republished. The sinister object in view, of course, is to postpone putting on the Statute Book this vitally important measure, giving the powerful vested interests already up in arms against this modest demand of Mr. Haji a valuable opportunity to strengthen and consolidate their position. Mr. Haji, we are glad to learn, is determined not to pay heed to this gratuitous counsel and is the duty of the popular representatives in the Assembly to help him in pushing the measure through.

PROSTITUTION AND THE CASTE SYSTEM

—:o:—

RELIGIOUS SUPERSTITION AS AN OBSTACLE TO REFORM.

(BY P. G. NAIK.)

Caste jealousies and communal bitterness and enmity are creating increasing trouble in India. They are not only hindering political and social progress but also the maintenance of peace and order in society. Though it is very difficult to say which of these two evils is more troublesome it must be admitted that caste differences are not less prone to mischief. The only difference between the two is that the former, being the quarrel between two big communities is more visible while the latter is confined to different classes and sections in the Hindu society and therefore mischief played by it could not always be seen by outsiders. At least the sufferings inflicted on some sections of the Hindu society could not be properly gauged by Non-Hindus. But both of them are equally harmful and are eating into the vitals of the society and unless they are reduced appreciably, if not removed altogether, it is useless to expect substantial progress of society. Let us take a concrete example.

ALARMING GROWTH.

It is true that prostitution has been in existence from the very beginning of society, in one form or another. Guest or hospitable prostitution, "religious" prostitution and now commercialised prostitution are the different names given to the different forms of prostitution. The old forms have slowly disappeared with the growth of civilisation but at the same time new forms are taking their place under different names and now commercialised prostitution is increasing at an alarming rate. It has become an international problem and all the devices, good or bad, used for the furtherance of a commodity are now employed to increase this trade also. Branches, agents, show rooms, telephones, telegrams and all other means necessary at present to popularise goods are used here also. As no strong efforts were made to lessen the evil it has become most difficult now to arrest its rapid growth.

A COMPLICATED PROBLEM.

This complicated problem is made more complicated by the presence of thousands of women, in addition to those who carry on prostitution as a choice, belonging to different castes and sub-castes who follow this profession as a religious duty. Their only fault is that they are born in the families which were following the profession of prostitutes. And the wonder is that though many of these families have already abandoned this profession and have adopted family life still the stigma of prostitution attached to them could not be removed owing to the caste system. Fortunately, some of the educated members of this community are trying to free it from the evil custom of prostitution. A conference of this community was recently held at Shiroda, Goa, under the presidentship of Prof. R. N. Velingkar, B.A. (Oxford), of the Gujarat College. Prof. Velingkar made the following suggestions among others:—(1) As much education as possible be given to the chidren in the community; (2) "Shes" ceremony which means the dedication of girls to gods be stopped; (3) All the girls in the community should be married; (4) Home industries like spinning, weaving, painting, sewing and carpentry which can be started with small capital be encouraged.

Many important resolutions were passed in the conference. Some of them are given below:—

(1) "Shes" ceremony which leads to the moral degradation of the women concerned be stopped in the community. Government be requested to make it illegal. Priests and managers of the temples where such dedication takes places be requested not to help the ceremony in any way. The Shankaracharya, the religious head of the Brahmins, should be requested to issue orders

(Continued on Page 9.)

THE PROBLEM OF BRITISH GUIANA

—:o:—

EDUCATION OF INDIANS NEGLECTED

(BY C. F. ANDREWS.)

II.*

While it is true that there is no bar or impediment of a racial character against the Indians in British Guiana, yet at the same time a very serious crisis had arisen in their history before I came to the Colony. The facts were these:—The Indian Community (which numbers over 300,000 in the West Indies) had gradually become divorced from India itself, and they were few who came back to India and again returned to the West Indies. The touch with the Motherland was thus broken, and this was leading to the most serious results.

INCREASING DETERIORATION.

Let me explain. The African Community had received much more extensive education than the Indian Community. Almost the whole of the teaching staff in every school came from this latter Community, and Indian teachers were insignificant in numbers. Thus the whole educational trend was away from Indian thought and Indian ideas. The language of India, Hindi, was taught in such a manner as to be nearly a farce. The children who were growing up had almost forgotten about India, and could hardly speak a word of their own mother-tongue; thus educationally as it were, the Indian community was suffering a defeat in its own culture, it was losing one of its very possessions: The loss was, to me, great. Wherever I went I saw the deterioration and found children talking broken English and living in an utterly un-Indian manner; nothing could be a more serious crisis for an Indian community than this; fortunately things have not gone beyond repair. It is quite possible to remedy this state of affairs. The Governor and his administrative officers are all aware of the deterioration, and are giving it their earnest attention.

A VITAL ISSUE.

The first thing to be done, is to place the Hindi language on a firm and secure basis. Here we shall have the support of every educational officer, and I can be certain that before I leave the colony the lines of future progress will be laid down and an entire change of educational method will be effected. The study of Hindi must take its place throughout the colony as a vital issue, and those who are administrating districts where Indians are settled will have to be proficient in the language. Everything must be done in the home and in the school to encourage Hindi. Very fortunately the vast majority of Indians who came to British Guiana are Hindi speaking, and there is no

(Continued on Page 9.)

*Previous article appeared on the 12th instant.

Notes of the Day

Firm Attitude.

Mr. MacDonald's telegram to Mr. Snowden is a grim reminder to the Financial Commission of the Hague Conference that the new British Government intend to maintain a firm attitude regarding their demand that a revision of the Young proposals must be undertaken by the Commission if it expects Britain to co-operate in the solution of the intricate problem of the allocation amongst the Allies of the German reparation payments. The British Premier significantly points out to Mr. Snowden in commendation of the fight for the British case he has been carrying on at the Hague: "Every newspaper backs you and all parties in the House of Commons stand by you". However hard it may be for France to swallow the bitter pill, she has no option now but to consent to a readjustment of the Young proposals. The Conference has been wisely adjourned presumably to enable the squabbling creditors to patch up their differences in private, informal talks. The Political Commission of the Conference has seen evidently the necessity of avoiding squabbling in public. It intends to thrash out the question of ending the occupation of the Rhineland by allied troops at a private discussion.

Illuminating.

The comments of the "Observer", London, on the demand of the Burma Simon Committee for the separation of Burma from India are illuminating. Mr. Garwin's paper says the demand is viewed "sympathetically in responsible circles". Who are these "responsible circles?" The British journal's analysis of the effect of the separation of Burma from India provides significant explanation about these "responsible circles" and the motives which actuate them in sympathising with the demand for separation. We are told that one effect of the separation will be "to nullify the effect of Mr. Haji's Coastal Reservation Bill, if it becomes law, by fifty per cent." In other words the foreign vested interests in Burma look forward to the undisturbed economic exploitation of the country by persuading the Burmans to demand separation from India. If the separation were to result in the grant of genuine self-government to Burmans, India will not mind political dissociation from Burma. But the "Observer's" comments should be an eye-opener for the section of Burmans which demands separation.

Unwarranted Strictures.

The Jury of the Bombay City Coroner's Court, after holding an inquest on a mill workman, fatally assaulted in the mill area, held that the workman was wounded "by a follower of the 'Red Flag'" but for lack of adequate evidence acquitted five suspects. We doubt if the evidence was enough to establish the guilt against any "follower of the Red Flag". The Jury went further and observed: "We would like to draw the attention of the Government to the necessity of immediately suppressing all the activities of the organisation known as the 'Lal Bavta (Red Flag) Union', which has proved itself dangerous and a veritable curse to Bombay. We understand that the Government have the power to do this under the Police Act and the Criminal Procedure Code". The Jury, we fear, has sadly misconceived its powers and its capacity to judge things justly. Its remarks on the "Red Flag" Union are unwarranted and uncalled for.

More Police Assaults.

According to a Free Press message, the Calcutta Police charged a procession organised by the local Congress Committee in connection with the Political Sufferers' Day, injured several volunteers and snatched the posters bearing the inscriptions "Down With Imperialism" and "Long Live Revolution." The processionists, however, refused to be intimidated or bullied. They had their procession and a public meeting. The snatching of the posters will not prevent people from working with greater determination for a peaceful revolution. Police assaults raids, and arrests and all the terrors of the now rampant repression can only hasten the peaceful revolution, if only, the people always take care not to succumb to any provocation to violence.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE

—:o:—

CAN GOVT. WAIVE RIGHT TO REVENUE RECEIPTS?

FINANCIAL WORKING OF POST, AND TELEGRAPHS

SIMLA, Aug. 12.

The Public Accounts Committee commenced its work to-day under the chairmanship of Sir George Schuster. In welcoming the members Sir George urged them to consider the Government memorandum relating to discussion by the Assembly of the Committee's reports and offer specific suggestions if necessary after consulting their Party leaders. Discussion arose on the question as to how to discuss in the Assembly supplementary demands involving questions of principle.

Mr. Burdon, Finance Secretary, explained the difficulties experienced by the Legislative Department in finding an official day and the Chairman remarked with the approval of the Committee that it would not be right for the Legislative Department to say that it could not be done.

WAIVING RIGHT TO REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The question whether Government or Government have the inherent right to waive receipts of revenue it had levied was raised prominently in connection with the case of free use of the trunk telephone line by a representative of important business with which Post and Telegraph Department has a large business transaction. It transpired that so far two legal pronouncements had been made in the Legislative Department each contradicting the other and the Auditor General remarked that he reserved the right of asking the Secretary of State to obtain opinion of Law Officers of the Crown.

The Committee then discussed the question of extension of the scope of audit on company railway lines by Government examiners as in the case of State lines.

Mr. Burdon said that the proposal had just reached the Finance Department whose conclusions were expected before the end of October.

FINANCIAL WORKING OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

The Auditor General addressed the Committee "in camera" regarding the financial working of the Postal and Telegraph Department. During the examination of the representatives of the Department, who included Mr. Ryans and Mr. Rogers, considerable stress was laid by the members that the expenditure should not exceed the revenue.

Mr. Rogers stated that pay of all ranks in The Department had been raised to suitable level and there was no need to raise it on an extensive scale for some time.

The Chairman desired to have an idea of the commercial prospect of the department.

Mr. Coburn, Financial Adviser, replied it was rather involved in the revenue prospects of the department, which it was difficult to assess. Replying to questions of members Mr. Coburn said a number of abnormal factors had contributed to the net profits postal departments quite apart from the fact that telegraphs and the fact that telegraphs and telephones when going down. The Auditor General added that real endeavour would be made by the department to obtain accurate estimate of inevitable increase due to pay and pensions year by year. —A. P.

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BANDRA MUNICIPAL SCHOOL BOARD

—:o:—

SUCCESSFUL FIGHT WITH GOVT.

PROMISED FREE GIFT OF LAND OBTAINED AFTER 6 YEARS

BANDRA, Aug. 13.

An ordinary general meeting of the Bandra Municipal School Board was held yesterday in the Municipal Town Hall with Mr. Hiralal M. Desai in the chair.

The Chairman before proceeding with the ordinary business informed the meeting that the promised piece of land admeasuring 462 sq. yds. the possession of which was unjustly delayed on some pretext or other by the Government was handed over to the School Board on 8th August 1929 under a Special G. R. issued by the Revenue Department of the Bombay Government.

(a) The Board adopted a resolution thanking Mr. R. D. Bell, C.I.E., I.C.S., the present Commissioner of the Bombay Suburban Division for his valuable help given to the Board in obtaining justice after a prolonged period of 7 years.

(b) The Board further congratulated its Chairman Mr. Hiralal M. Desai for putting a strong and untiring fight with the Government that had unjustly refused to acknowledge the legal claim of the Bandra School Board on the said piece of land; and placed on record its appreciation of the Chairman's work in bringing the matter to its successful end.

FACTS OF THE CASE.

The brief facts of the case are that in the year 1922 the Bandra Municipality requested the Government to acquire a plot of 5000 sq. yards in Bandra for housing the staff of the Health Department of the Municipality. The Collector of the Bombay Suburban District was approached in the matter who moved the Government to notify for acquisition of the said plot for the Bandra Municipality. Accordingly, the Notification was announced in the Government Gazette of 28th March, 1922, and the Municipality was required by the Government to deposit a sum of Rs. 20,000/- (twenty thousand) for the said plot which sum was deposited by the Bandra Municipality in the Imperial Bank.

The said plot in question belonged to Mr. Husseinally M. Rahimtoola who did not approve of the idea of the Government acquiring his plot. He opened negotiations with the Government with the result that the Collector who had moved the Government to acquire the said plot changed front and came forth with the proposal to the Bandra Municipality that it should withdraw from acquisition. The Collector being a Government nominated Member of the Bandra Municipal Board moved a resolution to the effect that the Municipality should withdraw from the acquisition. The Board was however not inclined to withdraw, especially because of the fact that it required a suitable plot for housing the Bhangies and more especially when it had expended practically the full amount by depositing Rs. 20,000/- with the Government.

PROMISE OF FREE LAND.

The Collector thereupon contrived a new plan of persuading the Board to withdraw from acquisition. He in his demi-official letter of 15-9-1922 promised to the Bandra Municipality to make a free gift of 462 sq. yards belonging to the Government if the Board agreed to withdraw from the said acquisition. He also in the said demi-official stated that the Secretary to the Government had signified his willingness to make such a free gift of a small plot which the Board may make use of by constructing a School Building for the backward and Depressed classes. This offer of a free gift tempted the Board to withdraw from the said acquisition; accordingly the Board adopted such a resolution, and the Government cancelled the notification of acquiring the plot of Mr. H. M. Rahimtoola, but omitted to notify that the Bandra Municipal School Board should get a free gift of 462 sq. yards, which was a condition precedent to the said withdrawal. The Board continued to remind the Government to give possession of the promised plot of 462 sq. yards for a period of 6 years, but the Government turned down the proposal for one reason or other, saying the Board had no legal claim.

PETITIONS FILED: PROTESTS IGNORED.

The Bandra School Board carried on correspondence untiringly, but in vain.

Ultimately, the present School Board empowered its Chairman, Mr. Hiralal M. Desai, to take all necessary steps in the matter. Accordingly Mr. Desai threatened the Development Department with exposing the callous indifference shown to the Board and sheer injustice done to the Bandra Municipality by the action of the Government which was tantamount to breach of promise.

A number of interpellations were put in the Local Legislative Council through Mr. K. M. Munshi, Advocate; Mr. R. D. Beli the present Secretary to the Government thereupon realised the importance of the matter and saw that the Bandra School Board was justified in insisting on the Government to give the small promised plot. He asked the Chairman, of the School Board to stay action, and further promised to recommend to the Government to make the free gift to the Bandra School Board and fulfil the promise.

The Bandra School Board finally got the possession of the said plot on 8th August 1929.

A group photo of the Calcutta Government House team and Calcutta Cricket Club who met at the annual match. The Governor of Bengal is seen seated in the centre. —Mitchel.

—:o:—

POLITICAL SUFFERERS DAY OBSERVANCE

—:o:—

AT MASULIPATAM

MASULIPATAM, Aug. 12.

The All-India Political Sufferers' day was observed here last evening with great success. A huge public meeting was held in the Tilak Chowk, when the leaders addressed the gathering detailing the Government's policy of repression throughout India at present.

References were made to the condition of the Meerut prisoners, and to the treatment meted out to them by the bureaucracy, and to the determination of Bhagatsingh and others to bring the Government down on its knees through personal suffering.

A resolution was also passed expressing sympathy with the condition of the Meerut prisoners and condemning the Government's attitude of neglect towards them and other political prisoners —Free Press.

TOUR TO KASHMIR ARRANGED BY B. B. AND C. I. RY. CO.

—:o:—

The following Press Note on the Tour to Kashmir organised by the Railway has been issued by the Publicity Officer of the Railway:—

The Tour to Kashmir and other places of interest and pilgrimage now being advertised by the B.B. & C.I. Railway has attracted universal interest not only in Bombay but in all parts of India. Not only have there been many enquiries about the tour from the mofussil, from Karachi and Madras, but many passengers from these parts have signified their intention of joining the excursion. About 70 second and third class fares have already been booked by the special train and applications for berths are being received daily.

As the railway anticipate heavy bookings during the course of the coming week they desire to draw attention of the public to the fact that booking will close on the 18th August after which date no applications for accommodation on the train will be entertained.

Furthermore the Railway authorities will not entertain applications for second class accommodation by this train in excess of the stipulated number, viz., 100 second class passengers.

MUSLIMS & SWARAJ CONSTITUTION

—:o:—

Dongri Meeting's Demand

At the meeting of Muslims held at Dongri on Sunday night, Sardar Suleiman Cassam Mitha, who presided, said in the course of his speech.—

"The object for which this meeting is convened is so important that we must try our best in giving full consideration to it and in arriving at a correct decision. You are aware that Indians are prepared to secure freedom and are keen on demanding their rights from the British Government. In this the Mussalmans are at one with the other communities of India. The Hindus have formulated their demands and placed them before the Government in the form of the Nehru Report and have declared that these demands are the unanimous demands of all the communities of India, especially the Hindus and the Mussalmans. A few Mussalmans have expressed their agreement with the Nehru Report regardless of the interests of their own community and in flagrant opposition to the views of the general body of Mussalmans. It is therefore our bounden duty to declare before the Government and the whole world that a few Mussalmans have no right to present their personal views as the views of the whole community and thus join the Hindus in trampling over the rights of the Mussalmans.

"The Mussalmans are as keen as the Hindus in desiring to take into their hands the Government of India and the Mussalmans have no disagreement with the Hindus in making political demands. Every citizen of India, whether Mussalman or Hindu, is emphatic in the view that it is the Indians who have the right to rule India, but since there are several differences between the two great communities of India, namely, the Hindus and the Mussalmans regarding religious, moral, cultural and economic matters and there is a risk of the Hindu majority ruling over the Muslim minority, the constitution should therefore be formulated on such principles as to secure adequate safeguards for the interests of all communities and to leave no power to a majority community to lord over the minority community. Adequate provisions have not been made in the Nehru Report in this respect and it is therefore our duty to emphasise the necessity of making adequate provisions in the future constitution for safeguarding our interests."

FOURTEEN POINTS.

The following resolution moved by Moulvi Mahomed Yusuf Hindaday was passed at the meeting:—

"This public meeting of the Musalmans of Bombay is unable to accept the Nehru Report and lays down that no scheme for the future constitution of the Government of India will be acceptable to the Mussalmans of India until and unless the following basic principles are given effect to and provisions are embodied therein to safeguard their rights and interests.

(1) The form of the future constitution should be federal with residuary powers vested in the provinces.

(2) Uniform measures of autonomy should be granted to all provinces.

(3) All legislatures of the country and other elected bodies should be constituted on the definite principle of adequate and effective representation of minorities in every province without reducing the majority in any province to a minority or even to an equality.

(4) In the Central Legislature the Mussalman representation should not be less than one—thin.

(5) Any territorial redistribution might at any time be necessary should not in any way affect the Muslim majority in the Punjab, Bengal and the N. W. F. Provinces.

(6) Full religious liberty, that is liberty of belief, worship, observances, propaganda, association and education should be guaranteed to all communities.

(7) No bill or resolution or any part thereof should be passed in any legislature or in any other elected body, if three-fourths of the members of the Hindu or Muslim communities in that particular body oppose such a bill or resolution or part thereof on the ground that it would be injurious to the interests of that community.

(8) Sind should be separated from Bombay Presidency.

(9) Reforms should be introduced in the N.W.F. Provinces and Baluchistan on the same footing as in the other provinces.

(10) Provisions should be made in the constitutions giving Muslims an adequate share along with other Indians in all the services of the State and in the self-governing bodies having due regard to the requirements of sufficiency.

(11) The constitution should embody adequate safeguards for the protection of the Muslim religion, culture and personal laws and for the protection and promotion of Muslim education, language and charitable institutions and for their due share in the grants-in-aid given by the State and by self-governing bodies.

(12) No cabinet, either central or provincial, should be formed without there being a proportion of Muslim Ministers of at least one-third.

(13) No change be made in the constitution by the Central Legislature except with the concurrence of the States constituting the Indian Federation.

(14) That in the present circumstances the representation of Mussalmans in the different legislatures of the country and of the other elected bodies through separate electorates is inevitable, and further the Government being pledged not to deprive the Mussalmans of this right, it cannot be taken away without their consent and so long as the Mussalmans are not satisfied that their rights and interests are adequately safeguarded in the manner specified above, they will not consent to joint electorates, with or without conditions.

IN THE CAUSE OF SUFFERING HUMANITY

—:o:—

MR. B. C. PAL'S APPEAL TO BOMBAY

18 LAKHS OF PERSONS IN IMMEDIATE NEED OF RELIEF

BOMBAY, August 13.

Sjt. Bepin Chandra Pal has issued the following appeal:—

The Province of Assam is divided into two Divisions, (1) Upper Assam or the Brahamaputra Valley, and (2) the Surma Valley. The Surma Valley comprises the districts of Slyhet and Cachar. These are the Districts that have suffered seriously from floods.

18 LAKHS OF PERSONS AFFECTED.

According to the Government communique, the total area affected by floods is six thousand nine hundred square miles. The population affected has been estimated at about 18 Lakhs. The estimated loss of property is about three Crores and Twenty-five lakhs of Rupees.

Gratuitous relief will have to be continued in most places to the end of November during which period there will be no work for the agricultural population; and in some places it will have to be continued up to April, 1930.

The daily average number of persons on gratuitous Relief is 86,000. Of these 11,500 have been receiving relief through Official Agencies, but those Agencies have been closed since August; so practically the entire charge of feeding the whole of this number (86,000) has fallen on non-Official Agencies.

COST OF TOTAL DOLES.

The cost of total doles of rice for three months, September to November comes to Rs. 2,91,000. Of this Rs. 105,000 may be available from Government grant. The balance will have to be met by public charity. Besides, we shal want Rs. 60,000 for the genteel poor who are too proud to beg from public relief and yet who must be helped to be saved from death, from starvation and disease. Then the poor have lost their habitations; Rs. 1,50,000 will have to be found for re-building houses. Provisions for buying cattle that have been carried by the flood by the supply of fodder will require one lakh for Cachar and Rs. 20,000 for Sylhet. Nor is this all. The floods have contaminated almost every source of drinking water and these will have to be disinfected by chlorination which will cost about Rs. 28,000. The total requirements stand thus at Rs. 5,44,000.

LOCAL RESOURCES INADEQUATE.

Coming to realise the extreme gravity of the situation, the utter impossibility of meeting its requirements from local resources and the inadequacy of the help that has already been generously extended by the outside public, the Sylhet-Cachar Relief Committee found themselves quite at sea. Mr. Amritlal Thakkar of the Servants of India Society, Bombay, who had been deputed to the afflicted Districts suggested that a small deputation might be sent outside Bengal to collect the necessary moneys for relief work and also asked the committee to try and get me to lead it. So they at once wired to me, and as Slyhet is my native Districts, sanctified to me by memories of unremembered generations of my forbearers, I could not refuse to shoulder this responsibility, though I am not as young today as I was a quarter of a century ago, nor indeed in the best of health. The other member of the deputation is Mr. Pares Lal Shome, Advocate, Calcutta, High Court and a member of the Legislative Council of Assam representing one of the Surma Valley constituencies. A third member who has been an eye-witness of the devastation is expected to join us.

AN APPEAL TO FELLOW-COUNTRYMEN.

The above facts of the extent of the calamity, and the minimum requirements necessary to meet it will speak for themselves. I could not possibly make through any words of mine a stronger appeal to the humanity of my friends and fellow countrymen of this Presidency, and though I know of the very difficult times through which Bombay is passing, I cannot think that the problem of life and death to such a large number of their own people in my district will leave them unmoved.

I can only carry the tale of their woes to the doors of their brethren in these parts and must leave the results in the hands of Him, who is the ultimate Arbiter of the destinies of both the rich and the poor.

BEPIN CHANDRA PAL.
Fountain Hall,
Sleater Road,
Grant Road, Bombay.

—:o:—

BENGALI JEWELLERS' FRESH EFFORTS TO COLLECT FUNDS FOR SURMA VALLEY RELIEF

Since the arrival of Mr. B. C. Pal, the Bengali Jewellers of Bombay have been considering ways and means for collecting more funds for the Surma Valley flood relief. Uptill now, they have received over Rs. 6,000 from the generous public of Bombay, and they hope to receive more. But, meanwhile, they have decided to collect individual contributions from the members of the Association and hand over the proceeds to Mr. Pal by the end of the week.

Mr. A. Mitter, the Secretary of the Bengali Jewellers' Assam Flood Relief Committee, is issuing appeals to the Bengali residents of Bombay to lend a helping hand in this cause of suffering humanity; and send their mite either to Mr. Pal direct (to his Bombay address Fountain Hall, Slater Road, Grant Road) or to any of the following authorised workers of the Bombay Bengali Jewellers' Food Relief Committee. The collections would be duly acknowledged in the press and forwarded to Mr. B. C Pal.

Following are some of the names and addresses of the authorised workers of the Relief Committee:—

Babu Bishwanath Dey, and Babu Nabokumar Dutt, Tyeb Manzil, Masjid Bunder Road.

Babu Nilmony Sikhdar 203, Mumbadevi Road c/o H. C. Roy.

Mr. Hemendra Sen, Goverdhandas Sunderdas Medical College Hostel, Parel.

MORE MEN GO ON STRIKE

—:o:—

Demands of Jute Workers

TWO MORE UNION OFFICIALS ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, Aug. 13.

Dr. Provabati Dasgupta, President of the Bengal Jute Workers' Union, interviewed by a representative of the Free Press of India said that uptill to-day 37 mills have been closed and about two lakhs of people are sitting idle. Interested persons are spreading rumours that negotiations for settlement and in progress and men would resume work very soon; but the rumour had no foundation. She had no intimation about any negotiation and she would not join such a conference without invitation.

Regarding the allegation in some papers that the Mill workers were intimidating non-strikers, she said it was not a fact. On the other hand, some interested persons were intimidating the strikers to resume work and creating confusion by spreading all sorts of groundless stories in mill areas.

STRIKERS' DEMANDS.

She stated their demands were as follows:—(1) Strike pay (2) proportionate increment (3) Commission rates and "Khorakis" to millhands in mills where such were not given (4) Formation of a Committee to meet other grievances of strikers.

Proceeding she said that she toured the Mill areas last evening and found the strikers to be peaceful and firm, and they assured her that they would not make a settlement except through their Union.—Free Press.

MORE MEN JOIN STRIKE

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Aug. 13.

On making enquiries in the mill areas this morning, it has been ascertained that the men of the Hookumchand Jute Mill at Halishar came out at 10.30 to-day and joined the strikers.

It is further reported that the weavers of the Lawrence Jute Mill at Chengail were very restive, and tension is high in the locality.—Free Press.

TWO MORE UNION OFFICIALS ARRESTED

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Aug. 13.

Further extension of the Jute Mill strike has taken place this noon, the workers of the Victorial Jute Mills, Telinipara, Naihati, and Hukumchand Jute Mills having downed tools. The workers of the Ojangali and Baurea Mills are reported to be restive. Mr. Kalikumar Sen, Secretary, Bengal Jute Workers' Union, and Mr. Mani Mukerjee, Assistant Secretary, Champdani Union, who were arrested yesterday night have been bailed out to-day.—Free Press.

VICEROY'S TOUR IN N. W. FRONTIER

—:o:—

SIMLA, Aug. 13.

As at present arranged the Viceroy and Lady Goschen will leave Simla on October 2 and proceed to Kulu after stopping at Mandi. Their Excellencies will make a short tour in the N. W. Frontier and arrive at Delhi on October 22.

Lord and Lady Irwin will arrive in Bombay on October 25 and in Delhi on October 26.

It is understood the Government of India will close in Simla about the middle of October and re-open in New Delhi about October 19.—A. P.

MARTIAL LAW DAYS IN PUNJAB RECALLED

—:o:—

Prosecution of Lala Atarsain at Meerut

DOCTOR OPINES THAT LALAJI'S DEATH CAN BE DESCRIBED AS "MURDER"

MEERUT, Aug. 12.

Echoes of the Martial Law days in Punjab and the circumstances attending the alleged assault on Lala Lajpatrai by police in Lahore were heard in the court of Choudhri Hukumsingh this afternoon in the course of the hearing of the alleged sedition case against Lala Atarsain, editor "Desh Bhagat."

Mr. D. P. Sinha appearing for the accused drew the attention of the Court to the treatment meted out to the accused. The Counsel said the accused was being treated as an ordinary prisoner. The accused was not allowed to receive any newspaper and he was hand-cuffed all the time except when in Court.

Pandit K. Santaram, defence witness, stated he was the Secretary of the Committee appointed by the Congress to inquire into the affairs in Punjab during Martial Law days in 1919 including the Jallianwala Bagh tragedy. The members of the Committee were Mahatma Gandhi, Mr. C. R. Das, Pandit Motilal Nehru, Mr. Abbas Tayabji and Mr. M. R. Jayakar. Witness stated that General Dyer was primarily responsible for the Jallianwala Bagh tragedy. The General was also responsible for the crawling order.

CIVILIAN'S MEAN BEHAVIOURS.

Witness said the Committee's Report contained a statement by a lady who said that an English Civilian hit her twice and spat on her face. No action, civil or criminal had been taken against him.

WITNESS CROSS-EXAMINED.

Shyam Narain, Court Inspector, cross-examined witness. In reply to a question Mr. Santaram said he or the other members of the Committee were not members of the Hunter Committee. The reports of the Hunter Committee and the Congress Committee differed only in the emphasis laid down and not in the actual conclusions arrived. His Committee was not called anti-Government but they refused to lead evidence before the Hunter Committee. So far as he knew General Dyer's pension was stopped after the Indemnity. Witness had no connection with the Finance Department of the Government of India.

"MURDER OF LALAJI."

Doctor Gopichand stated he knew Lala Lajpatrai. He occasionally examined his health. The Lala had tubercular pleurisy. This fact was well known to public. The Lala died as a result of the blows inflicted on him by police. Witness added according to illustration B of Section 300 I.P.C., the Lala's death could be described as murder. Witness was present when the Lala received the injuries. He tried to save him and had he not protected him the Lala would have died on the spot.

Cross-examined witness deposed Lala Lajpatrai had died heart disease. He receivd injuris over his chest but there was no fracture and no opening. No "post mortem" was held. The Lala delivered a lecture in Lahore after the occurrence. He died on the 18th day of the occurrence. He did not keep himself confined to bed even for a single day.—A. P.

MUZAFER AHMED'S HEALTH

—:o:—

MEDICAL BOARD'S REPORT

DIFFERENCES OF OPINION ON MATERIAL POINTS

MEERUT, Aug. 13.

Details are now available regarding the nature of the Medical Board's report on the health of Muzaffar Amad, accused in Meerut case. The medical testimony is divided. The Board was composed of Lt. Col. M. A. Rahman, Lt. Col. C. Hodgson, both I.M.S., officers, and Dr. Bhupal Singh M. B. Lt. Col. C Hodgson was nominated by the prosecution and Dr. Bhupal Singh by the defence while Lt. Col. Rahman was included in his capacity as the Civil Surgeon, Meerut. Difference of opinion between Lt. Colonel Rahman and Lt. Col. Hodgson on the one hand Dr. Bhupal Singh on the other rests mainly on one word namely "active" that is to say while the former two are of opinion that the disease (tuberculosis) is not in active form, Dr. Bhupal Singh declares that it is in active form and if not attended to would assume acute form. The majority report says that they found the accused to be of poor physique, his weight being between 96 and 97 pounds. The temperature it is pointed out, is always within limits of 96.8 and 99.2 He appears to be taking a small amount of food. The two I.M.S., officers are of opinion that at present time there is no evidence to prove that active lung disease is present in Muzaffer Ahmed. They add that his stay in Meerut from the 28rd March has not proved prejudicial to his health as is evidenced by his weight and general condition. As the most trying months of June and July in Meerut have not produced any untoward effect on him they hold that his remaining in jail would not be prejudicial to his health.

LOSING WEIGHT STEADILY

Dr. Bhupal Singh expresses a different view on material points and says he is obliged to write a separate report. He holds that Muzaffar has been losing weight steadily since his return from Dehra Dun jail. There has also been loss of appetite. Tubercle of lung has again started in active form and if the conditions do not change it is likely to flare up in acute form. Dr Bhupal Singh prescribes that Muzaffer should be shifted to some hill station and afforded home comforts to avoid the risk of the disease develop into acute form.—A. P.

"INDIA IN BONDAGE" CASE

—:o:—

MAGISTRATE'S COMMENTS

CHARACTERISES MR. RAMANAN'S ATTITUDE AS CALLOUS INDIFFERENCE

CALCUTTA, Aug. 12.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate allowed a week's time to Mr. Ramanand Chatterjee, Editor of the "Modern Review", and Mr. Sajanikanta Das, Printer, to pay up the fine of Rs. 1,000, imposed on each of them on a charge of sedition in connection with Mr. J. T. Sunderland's book on India.

In the course of the judgment the Magistrate observed the main question for decision was whether the book was seditious and whether it brought or attempted to bring hatred and contempt towards the Government established by law in British India and further whether the accused had the necessary intention.

He next referred to the intention of the writer. The Magistrate observed: "In the present case it can be conceded that the ostensible aim is merely to draw attention to the weak points of the administration. In calmer pronouncements the writer would pass the test, but the passages enumerated show abundantly, in my opinion, that he frequently employs language which renders his advocacy dangerous and frequently imparts a corrupt, not to say malicious motive."

A charge of callous indifference, stated the Magistrate, was made and the foreign character emphasised. "That is not language which can be considered fair and reasonable."

Concluding, the Magistrate observed the accused cannot escape by claiming that the general and remote aim was innocuous. The end does not justify the means. I find clearly from these numerous passages from the book which bring it under the purview of Section 124-A, that the writer, certainly knew the inevitable effect of his writing and the accused are to be presumed to have the same knowledge and intention. I do not think it necessary to send them to jail and fine them Rs. 1,000 each, in default three months' simple imprisonment."

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Richardson & Cruddas' Work Shop.

BOMBAY COUNCIL PROROGUED

—:o:—

(Continued from page 12.)

suffered enough and now these sufferings must stop.

HON. MR. JADHAV TALKS OF UNITED INDIA.

The Hon. Mr. B. V. Jadhav, Minister of Agriculture opposing observed that such separation would not be beneficial in the end to India as a whole. He admitted that the movement for unification in Karnatak was a strong and genuine one He pointed out that if this demand for unification were accepted by the Government of India his own province Maharashtra stood to gain much. It would then be a province of 16 districts all of Marathi speaking people. They had been working, the Minister proceeded on the principle of United India and unless they were ready to give and take they could not form part of the national whole. They had to look to Central Government for so many things.

Mr. Noor Mohomed (Hyderabad) argued that the passing of resolution was not going to help unification of Karnatak to any appreciable extent

Rao Bahadur Kale opined that a time had come when provinces had to be constituted on natural basis of language and geographical position. He supported the resolution

Mr. S. A. Sardesai (Bijapur) further supported the resolution.

Mr. N. R. Gunjal (Poona) gave assurance that Maharashtra was not opposed to the unification of Karnatak.

DETRIMENTAL TO NATIONAL INTERESTS.

Mr. Naraindas Bechar did not agree to the unification scheme as he felt that the fissiparous tendencies which underlay that scheme were detrimental to their common national interests.

"ILL-ADVISED."

Sir Louis Rieu, leader of the House, replying to the debate observed that he could not, with due deference to the representatives of Karnatak, congratulate them on their procedure in this matter. It seemed to him that it was distinctly ill-advised. When the Statutory Commission came out to India, the people of Karnatak had an excellent chance of laying their case before the Commission. They had lost the chance, and now they had come back to the Bombay Government with a request that this Government should refer the case back to the Commission. He was still unconvinced, he added, that there was such a strong demand coming from the people of Karnatak.

He pointed out that the proposed new province would include two millions of non-Kanarese people. He then dealt with the principle of distribution of provinces on linguistic basis. He observed that of all countries, India was a country where one ought to be careful in accepting that principle for practical purposes. In conclusion, he cut the matter short by saying frankly that Government were unable to accept the resolution.

The resolution was lost when put to vote.

Rao Bahadur Kale moved a resolution asking Government to adopt the necessary measures for remedying the evil arising from the increase in the unemployed educated middle classes. Mr. V. N. Jog moved that the confederation of the resolution be postponed to the next session. The motion was lost being opposed by the General Member.

The resolution was withdrawn. The President then read the commission of His Excellency the Governor and declared the Council prorogued.

MARATHA WORKMEN IN THE MILLS

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read the letter of my esteemed friend Mr. H. A. Talcharkar with interest. I am glad you commend it editorially to the notice of the public, but your suggestion that it is Hindu leaders like Mr. M. R. Jayakar and Mr. N. C. Kelkar to take up the matter strikes me as grotesque. The rtund Asquithian type of oratory of Mr. Jayakar will be entirely out of place at Nagu Sayaji Wadi, although it may pass muster at the Brahman Sabha. Mr. Kelkar knows even less of the Bombay mill problems and is unknown to our Maratha mill workers. I remember the occasion when H. H. the Chief of Savantvadi was given a reception at the Vithaldas Memorial Hall two or three years ago. Whoever was present at the gathering will have noted that the ruling houser of the Marathas will exercise a great influence over the minds of the working classes of the Maratha caste. Some of our spinners and weavers are of this nationality and the economic and moral ruin they are faced with is correctly pictured by Mr. Talcharkar who is an old worker among the mill employees.—Yours, etc.,

B. M. ANANDA RAO.
12|13 Khote Bhuvan, Matunga.

AN APPEAL TO THE CITY TYPISTS

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I have read with pleasure the letter of Mr. S. Raj Gopal appearing in your esteemed journal of to-day's date. Mr. Raj Gopal pleads for the formation of a "City Typists' Association." May I draw his attention to the fact that there is the Clerks' Union, Bombay, whose object is to safeguard the interests of the clerical population in general? It appears to me that instead of frittering away their energies in forming a separated organisation, Mr. Raj Gopal and his friends should join the Clerks' Union, Bombay, 'en masse' and thus serve their own cause best as well as the cause of the clerical community in general. I may mention that the energetic Secretary of the Clerk's Union Mr. A. Krishna Rao is himself a shorthand typist and the present committee consists of several members of this hard worked and illpaid profession. All information regarding the Clerks Union may be obtained from its registered office, 46 Churchgate Street and I exhort Mr. Raj Gopal to lose no time in communicating with its office bearers.—Yours, etc.,

B. M. ANANDA RAO.
12|13 Khote Bhuvan, Matunga.

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8-25-E

INDIA AIR MAIL SERVICE

—:o:—

REASONS OF ITS FAILURE

"DAILY MAIL'S" SUGGESTIONS

LONDON, Aug. 13.

The "Daily Mail" in a leading article on the "Reasons why the India Air Mail has hitherto failed to obtain the support it deserves," criticises the British Post Office for declining to produce the air mail stamp. it asserts that the work of sorting in London is carried out so carelessly that letters are placed in wrong sacks, and are thus grievously delayed. while the train service in India is too slow and irregular. The paper urges extension of the air route to Delhi and Calcutta and adds that the Empire route connecting with the Australian air service via Rangoon and Singapore ought to be developed without delay.—Reuter.

NEW FEAT OF CROSSIN G THE CHANNEL

—:o:—

ACCOMPLISHED IN MOTOR CYCLE FITTED WITH FLOATS

LONDON, Aug. 12.

Rugby.—Mr. H. S. Perry accomplished a new feat to day of crossing the English Channel from Dover to Calais and back, in a motor cycle. The time taken was seven hours 25 minutes. This included 40 minutes spent in the Calais harbour for lunch. He was accompanied by a motor launch and he stopped twice on the outward journey for refreshments, but came back in a nonstop run. The machine was provided with two canoe-shaped floats sixteen feet long and Mr. Perry stated he had no trouble whatever with it.—B.O.W.

Cataract

Sure and harmless. Cure without operation. No matter what medicines have failed to remove the cataract. Sure and speedy cure without relapse. Particulars free.

S Sherwan, Ballalbagan, (Faridpur.)

PROMINENT MEMON MERCHANT DEAD

—:o:—

LATE HAJI S. SHAHMAHOMED

BOMBAY, Aug. 13.

The death took place in Cape Town of Hajji Sullaiman Shahmahomed on August 9.

The late Haji was born in Dhoraji in Kathiawar in 1859. and in 1881 he migrated to South Africa and settled at the Cape of Good Hope and was domiciled in Cape Town. From the large fortune that he amassed, he endowed prizes and medals for the encouragement of women's education among Mussalmans and gave a large sum to the Anjuman-i-Islam of Bombay for the purpose. He also acquired land at Claremount in the vicinity of Cape Town, upon which he erected a mosque and a school as the beginning of an academy for Muslim youths of both sexes and created the Hajee Sullaiman Shahmahomed Academy Trust, which has brought into being the Academy known as Masjid-ul-Jamiah Darulkarah at Wynberg. The late Haji took deep interest in the history of Mahomedans in South Africa and did everything in his power to commemorate notable incidents of that history.

He was a great traveller and about thirty years ago he started on a tour round the world and published a journal of his travels in English and in Gujarati. He then started on another travel from Khartoum to North Cape and from the copious notes he made during the journey which took him to Russian Turkestan, an interesting volume has been compiled and will shortly be published.—A.P.

NEW CALCUTTA JUDGE

—:o:—

SIMLA, Aug. 12.

The King Emperor has approved of the appointment of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dwarkanath Mitter, at present additional judge, Calcutta High Court, to be permanent judge of that court in the vacancy caused by the retirement of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. B. Ghose.

SHAUKAT ALI LEAVING FOR SOUTH AFRICA

—:o:—

Maulana Shaukat Ali and Mir Mahomed Baluch, M.L.C., are leaving for South Africa to-day. Maulana Mahomed Ali is expected to leave for South Africa towards the end of this month.

MOST DEMOCRATIC MOVEMENT IN THE WORLD

—:o:—

GOVERNOR'S TRIBUTE TO POONA SCOUTS

His Excellency the Governor, speaking at the annual scout function of the Poona City Boy Scout Association said:—

"I think that one of the first things you should try to get, when funds are available, is camp equipment, for I quite agree that camping is one of the most valuable forms of training for Scouts

I myself should like to see this as well as other Boy Scout Association provided with suitable headquarters, playgrounds, libraries and everything else which may help full development of the movement, and I am confident that these things will come in time as the public realise more and more what immensely valuable nation-building work is being quietly yet steadily pushed on at these centres among those who are, I hope, going to leave their mark on the future India. At the same time we must all remember in carrying on work in the meanwhile how much can be done with very little equipment of an expensive kind.

MOST DEMOCRATIC MOVEMENT.

The strength of the Boy Scout movement is that it is not for the rich only, but also for the poor. There is no aristocracy in scouting: it is the most democratic thing in the world: and while it is very desirable that in big cities such as this, where the number of scouts is large, and public-spirited friends and sympathisers have the means to help, everything possible should be done to carry scouting to the highest pitch of efficiency at the same time those who go forth here to train scouts in the poorer villages need not feel discouraged if the local resources do not permit such advanced development. I never saw a good scout who could not extemporise most of what he needed for his scout work. The essential thing in scouting is to have the true scout spirit, and this depends on the will rather than on the accessories. You too have proved the same thing by the way in which you have pushed on your work without waiting for the satisfaction of the various needs which you mention and by so doing you have deserved all the help which you have received and which you still ask for. I shall hope to hear from time to time how you are progressing, and you may be sure that, as your Chief Scout, I shall always take a very lively interest in your doings and shall expect you to regard me as a personal friend and well-wisher.

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Announcement

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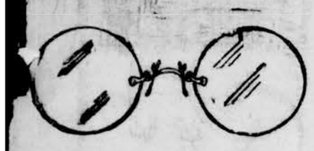

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THE PROBLEM OF BRITISH GUIANA

(Continued from page 6.)

necessity whatever, to have a second additional language. The Mahomedan children will be taught the Urdu script, while the Hindu children will be taught Deva Nagari script. This will present no serious difficulty and therefore the language problem of the Indian community in the future is a comparatively simple one compared with that of other parts of the world where Indians have settled, both from South India and from North India, side by side. The proportion of Madrasis here is only one in every fourteen persons.

STUDY OF HINDI.

If the community itself were not alive to the seriousness of the present situation and the danger of further neglect, I should have less hope of favourable results, but I have found that there are leaders out here in the West Indies who are as anxious as possible for the study of Hindi by the Indian children. It would seem as though it can be made a popular and energetic movement. It must be from within that any movement of this kind can succeed; and my coming to the country with intense enthusiasm about this very language question has already had its effects. Where the leaders were hanging back before in doubt and wondering whether it would be worth while to struggle to retain the mother-language, now the leaders are so enthusiastic that there is no difficulty about encouraging them in the right direction.

Teachers will be needed to take up this work freely, and there will probably be the need of bringing out from India some who will develop this subject alone, with enthusiastic energy. But more than the presence of a few teachers will be required. The effect of a system of new-comers arriving by the Steamship Service which is now contemplated will help much; and those who have been in the colony will be able to renew their touch with India, and to become one in spirit with their own countrymen in the national development which is now taking place in India itself.

(To Be Continued.)

PROSTITUTION AND THE CASTE SYSTEM

(Continued from page 6).

to the priests not to perform the ceremony as it has no religious sanction and as it leads to the moral degradtion of the community.

(2) Members of the community be requested to adopt only male children from their own community.

(3) All the institutions in the community be requested to give as much monetary help as possible to the women in the community who will be rendered helpless owing to the stoppage of the "Shes" ceremony.

(4) Intercaste marriages and intercaste-dinners be allowed in the community.

There is no doubt that these resolutions, if put into practice, will lead to the progress of the community.

EDUCATING THE EDUCATED.

But there is another class of prostitutes belonging to the castes with which the so-called high caste Hindus do not keep any kind of connection. They are drawn from the Deccan districts of the Bombay Presidency. They are illiterate, ill-organized and their economic condition is the worst. As they are considered to be out-cast, they do not get any employment in Hindu families and consequently they have to find work in Non-Hindu families or some "coolie" work where the circumstances are such that they easily go astray. Moreover, men belonging to these castes are always in the habit of marrying more than one woman, generally two and sometime more. Naturally some of these women are disgusted with the wretched condition at home and find prostitution the more attractive profession. There is a large number of old women who approach these women when they are rather uneasy owing to some trouble at home, induce them to leave the place and carry on prostitution, and live on their earnings.

However stringent the legal measures may be, they will never succeed in eradicating this evil; only social and economic reform will solve this problem. It is little to be wondered at if these illiterate people bring obstacles in their own progress, but the wonder is that the persons who speak in the loudest voice on the political and religious platforms come forward to oppose the measures for removing the evil. The greatest problem before the people and the institutions working in this field is how to educate these so-called educated people.

SUIT AGAINST PANDIT MOTILAL NEHRU

—:o:—

PANDIT NEHRU'S WRITTEN STATEMENT

The following is the written statement filed by Pandit Motilal Nehru, in the suit filed by Mr. C. S. Ranga Aiyar, against Pandit Nehru and others for damages for alleged defamation:—

This defendant denies that he bears any ill-will to the plaintiff; or that he is maliciously disposed towards the plaintiff. On the other hand, at various times, on different occasions this defendant has helped the plaintiff pecuniarily and otherwsie.

This defendant denies that he caused the alleged libel to be printed and published at Madras in "The Swarajya" newspaper. He gave an interview to the local representative of the Free Press of India, Ltd. at Allahabad not *suo motu* but in response to a request made to him and in answer to a statement published in "The Indian National Herald" at Bombay. Neither this defendant nor any one else authorised by him requested "The Swarajya" newspaper to publish the matter complained of.

This defendant denies that the cause of action for the suit as against this defendant arose in Madras. Neither the whole nor any part of the cause of action arose in Madras so far as this defendant is concerned. In any event on the averments in the plaint it can be said at best that only part of the cause of action arose at Madras as against this defendant. The suit is liable to be dismissed in limine as no leave to sue has been previously obtained as against this defendant whose permanent place of residence is admittedly out of the jurisdiction of this honourable Court. The plaintiff resides at and comes on his avocations permenently out of the jurisdiction of this Court.

This defendant admits that he made the statement complained of by the plaintiff in paragraph (10) of the plaint at Allahabad to the Free Press representative. The words complained of as a libel in paragraph (10) of the plaint are true in substance and in fact. This defendant is however neither responsible nor liable in respect of the mode of editing the said interview nor for the headlines referred to in para (10) of the plaint.

The plaintiff was a member of the Congress party of which the defendant has been a prominent member and leader in the Indian Legislative Assembly. The plaintiff's statement referred to in paragraph (9) of the plaint was made by him in his capacity as a public man and a member of the Congress Party. The said statement contained charges and reflections against this defendant in particular and the Congress Party of which this defendant has been the leader in the Legislative Assembly, in general. Thereupon this defendant in reply to the charges so made by the plaintiff and published in "The Indian National Herald" gave expression to the words complained of at Allahabad to a representative of the Free Press Ltd *bona fide* for the purpose of vindicating his position and character against the plaintiff's allegations and unfounded statements from operating to the prejudice of himself and his party and in reasonable and necessary self-defence and without any malice towards the plaintiff. The occasion on which the said words were published is therefore privileged.

The said words are a fair comment made in good faith and without malice upon a matter of public interest namely the correctness or otherwise of the matters adverted to in the defendant's statement dated 6th October and referred to in paragraph (10) of the plaint.

This defendant denies that the plaintiff has been injured in his public character, and reputation as as alleged in paragraph (12) of the plaint or has suffered any damages alleged in paragraph (11) of the plaint. The defendant states that the damages assessed and claimed are arbitrary, fanciful and excessive and not recoverable in law.

This defendant does not admit any of the allegations in, the plaint, save those expressly admitted herein and the plaintiff is put to the strict proof of the same.

This defendant submits that as against him the suit should be dismissed with taxed costs.—"Hindu"

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay attended the Annual Scout Display of the Poona City Boy Scouts Association at the Globe Cinema, Poona City, on Monday.

In a meeting of an enthusiastic citizens of Rajputana presided by Swami Brahmanand Bhartee on 8th instant in Ajmer "Rajasthan Youth League" was formed with the object of preparing the youths of the Province for the service of the Motherland and to agitate for the country's Social, economical and political emancipation.

FRANCISCO LUIS GOMES CENTENARY COMMITTEE

—:o:—

APPEALS FOR FUND

The Hon. Secretary of the above Committee writes:—

The Bombay Committee have at last resolved to hold the Centenary celebrations in the first week of December. These will consist of a High Mass at the Gloria Church and a Literary Session at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Bombay. Both the functions will be celebrated in a manner befitting the occasion and representative Goan institutions are kindly requested to depute representatives at both these functions or if that be inconvenient to give the name and address of the said representative so that an opportunity may be found to have all our Goans intimately associated with the celebrations. At the Literary Session invitations will be issued to the Government of Bombay and all public bodies in this city and it is expected that the celebrations will be almost unprecented in the history of the Goan Community in this city.

After acknowledging donations amounting to nearly Rs. 5000, he proceeds:—

We propose to perpetuate the memory of F. L. Gomes.—to translate his works so that his scholarship might live in the minds both of Goans and non-Goans as the finest epitome of Goan culture as also in the hearts of our youth who will come to our Alma Mater to receive the reward of their merit.

Only a couple of thousands more and all this will be possible. Donations may be sent to Mr. V. F. Couto, Sorab House Kalbadevi, Bombay, or Mr. M. S Pereira Messrs B X Furtado and Sons Kalbadevi, Bombay.

MAHATMA'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY: VOL. II.

—:o:—

The Manager, "Young India," writes:—

The second and for the present final volume of the "Story of My Experiments with Truth" (English translation) will be out on the 2nd October next. This volume will be uniform with the first volume in every respect and the number of pages will also be about the same. The price of the book will be Rs. 5-8-0 plus 0-10-0 for packing and postage. Those who will order a copy by V.P.P. will have to pay Rs. 6-4-0 in all.

Those, who will register their orders with full cash remittance in advance so as to reach this office on or before the 15th of September, will get the book for Rs. 4 only post free in India (including Burma and Ceylon).

Foreign price 10s. or Dol. 3, post free. No cheques will be accepted. In order that remittances for this book may not be mistaken for subscriptions for "Young India" or "Navajivan," the intending purchasers are particularly requested to write clearly in their money order coupon the words "For Autobiography."

All letters of inquiry must be accompanied with postage for reply.

B. F. MADON MEMORIAL FUND

—:o:—

The following is the third list of contributors to the B. F. Madon Memorial Fund:—

Amount already acknowledged: Rs. 13,848; Mrs. Khorshed B. Dastur Rs. 100; Messrs Nappoo Nensee and Co. Rs. 51; The Bombay Shroff Association Rs. 51; Mr. Hirachand Vanechand Desai Rs. 100; Mr. Maganlal Purshotamdas Rs. 51; Through Mr. J. N. Gilder, Jamshedpur:—Mr. K. M. Madan Rs. 100; Mr. K. A. D. Naoroji Rs. 50; "A Friend" Rs. 20; Mr. N. Lakdawalla Rs. 5; Mr. S. H. Dastur Rs. 21; Mr. K. M. Kayaji Rs. 10; Mr. B. D. Ichaporia Rs. 15; Mr. N. R. Vankadia Rs. 10; "J. B. S." Rs. 2; "K. M. B." Rs. 5; Mr. P. N. Chowna Rs. 3; Mr. H P. Tata Rs. 51; Mr. D Balsara Rs. 5; Mr. Rustomji Patel Rs. 25; Messrs. Narbheram & Co Rs. 25; Mr. J. D. Tata Rs. 50; Mr. K. M. Bharucha Rs. 25; Mr. J. J. Ghandy Rs. 50; "Jertbosti" Rs. 15; Sheth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, Ahmedabad Rs. 51; The Central Bank of India Ltd. Rs. 500; Total Rs. 15,239.

CONVICT'S ATTEMPTED SUICIDE

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Aug. 12.

Akhoykumar Das who was convicted yesterday at the High Court Sessions, to three years' rigorous imprisonment for abducting Lilabati Das Gupta, is reported to have swallowed a quantity of opium, after his conviction, while waiting in the lock-up to be removed to the jail. So he was removed to the Medical College Hospital where he is improving.—Free Press.

Grand-mother

Life for Granny has now come to mean joking with the youngsters, going to church and doing needlework. These last two pleasures, though, used to be sadly marred by her rheumatism, which sometimes made it impossible for her to handle her needles or to go out. But all that is changed since

CAFIASPIRIN

came into the house. Not only does it relieve her pains, but its regular use makes the rheumatic attacks less frequent and less severe. And so Granny, who used not to believe in "these modern discoveries" swears by CAFIASPIRIN and calls it "my magic remedy". And the rest of the family think with her, for it relieves their aches and pains too, and helps to keep them fit and well.

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2nd " "	500	10 " "	50
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4th " "	300	50 " "	10
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What the People Say

ADMINISTRATION OF HUBLI MUNICIPALITY

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—"Lokaat" is a Kahnada weekly paper published at Hubli and edited by Mr. Puranik, a Lingayat, graduate. The paper is advocating the cause of the non Brahmins. At the same time it sometime lends its support to the activities of the Congress workers. Of late the administration of the Hubli Municipality is receiving due attention at the hands of the sympathetic editor of "Lokamat." In the interests of the citizens of Hubli "Lokamat" being a local paper ought to have devoted its attention to the local questions before long probably it was thought sacrilegious to criticise the administration of a Municipality dominated by the non-Brahmins. But the administration is so good and so beneficial that it has roused the indignation of even a non-Brahmin paper. Critical reviews of some of the aspects of Municipal administration appeared from time to time. So tremendous efforts are being made to throttle "Lokamat" a child of six or seven years.

The Sarwajanik Library has peremptorily stopped the paper without any resolution of the Managing Committee. The Hon. Secretary of the Library is a double graduate and the Headmaster of a High School at Hubli. The Managing Committee members include about four graduates, and a Rao Bahadur with 40 years of public life. The Library is the recipient of an annual grant of Rs. 300/- from the Municipality. The Hon. Secretary's School is located in a building erected on Municipal grounds leased by the Municipality.

There is a Reading Room and Library maintained by the local Merchants. It is housed in a municipal building. At an annual meeting of the members of the Library a resolution was passed to discontinue 'Lokamat." The meeting was timed at 4.30 p.m. but proceedings began at 6.30 p.m. Many of the members —especially the Gujarati and Jain merchants—had left the place by the time the proceedings began. 6.30 in the evening is the time for the Jains to have their meals. Taking advantage of the absence of the large body of merchants of independent ways of thinking the resolution was carried through.

The Municipality has stopped publishing its advertisements in "Lokamat" though it is the only local paper and though the rules make it incumbent on the Municipality to publish it in a local paper. To be within the four-corners of this rule the Municipality is publishing its advertisements in the "Karnatak Times", a non-Brahmin weekly printed and published at Dharwar but said to have an office at Hubli also. The Municipality has cut off the water connection to the residence of the Editor of the "Lokamat" as the water cess was not paid by him. The house in which the Editor resides, is owned by a Lingayat Math and is leased to the Editor by the Swami of the Math. The water-connection is cut off without giving notice, without submitting bills for payment to the owner or tenant or without taking any precautionary measures referred to by the Government Auditor. The Government Auditor in his report for 1927-28 observes "Sanction of the Chairman of the Standing Committee or of the President required under rule 18 of the Water-rate rules was not obtained before cutting off connection. The rule is intended to safeguard public convenience against indiscriminate cutting off of the connection at the instance of the collection department. Cutting off of connections is an extreme coercive measure which should be resorted to only after exhausting all other measures, provided in sec. 105 (1) of the Act for non-recovery of taxes the fitter and sub-overseer should be strictly warned not to cut off connections without previous sanction of the president or the Chairman of the Standing Committee as provided in the rules.

Triennial election of the Hubli Municipality was held in April 1927 but there is no Standing Committee since then upto this day.

Facts speak for themselves and comment is needless.—Yours, etc.,
"FAIR PLAY."

"BOMBAY UNIVERSITY AND M. A. STUDENTS"

To the Editor of "The Chronicle"
Sir,—In your issue of the 6th inst., Mr. G. G. Page, in his letter, under the caption "Bombay University and M.A. students", has rightly criticised the ill-advised new regulations of the University disentitling the M.A. students to appear for their examination privately in 1931 and subsequent years. I hereby associate my fullest support to and endorse what he has said through your columns. India is proverbially poor and the Indian student is much more so. In the field of education at least, the premium should naturally be placed not on purse but on intellect. I can imagine the University raising the educational standard, if it will, by making the test more severe, to maintain its tradition but cannot understand why considerations of L.S.D. should weigh with it. This new departure is inconsistent with the University as a seat of learning. I, therefore, appeal to the University to annal the regulations in question and remove the injustice they have done.—Yours, etc.,

S. B. KULKARNI, B.A. (Hons.)
Girgaum, Bombay.
Aug. 8.

"CONGRESS MUNICIPAL PARTY"

To the Editor of "The Chronicle"
Sir,—Your correspondent "A Nationalist" in his letter published on 7th inst., "inter alia," referring to me states that I was censured for my attitude in the Corporation. I wish to repudiate that charge, and have to state that a notice was brought in the Congress Municipal Election Committee, a sub-committee was appointed, but after a Report was made by it, the original notice had dropped. I have not been censured at all.—Yours, etc.,
MOHANLAL M. DESAI.

IS ASTROLOGY A SCIENCE

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—Human tendency to look upon heaven and earth, nature and man from a narrow Geocentric and Anthropocentric point of view has been the fruitful source of various forms of superstition with which science has to contend. One of the remarkable forms of superstition which still takes an active part in modern life is astrology. It is a surprising and lamentable fact that millions of educated people are still dominated by the dreary superstition. The recent discussion about astrology as a science published in your paper serves to confirm the views mentioned above. This controversy is not the first of its kind nor the arguments put forth by the contending party bear any novel features. However, the subject is such that it cannot be too often pressed on the public mind. Astrology cannot be called a science so long it does not yield uniform and satisfactory results. Whether the fault lies in the thinking mind or in the objective investigation is beside the point. To support astrology as a science because a few isolated facts fit into their places agreeable to some postulated theories is quite hazardous. To attribute failures in other cases to the difficulties of getting correct data without establishing the soundness of the reasoning process is still more objectionable. Astrology is an improvement upon the science of astronomy but wanting in its essential character of empirical knowledge and study. The importance of a science or philosophy is measured by its moral, mental or physical achievements. History records no such results to the credit of astrology. On the other hand, there is ample evidence to prove the contrary. It is our experience how astrological notions are interfering in daily course of life by getting themselves mixed up with religious ideas.

Man has got the faculty of seeing the present which is enough to enable him to think over the future with the aid of the past. For his hunger after knowledge, our great ancestor paid a too heavy price for his natural propensity and fortunately, escaped by getting the punishment of death once in life. If his descendents carry their idle curiosity still further by prying into the future and trying to turn the chances of life into certainties which by Divine Will as well as under physical laws, seem forbidden, their reward will be nothing less than everyday death in life.—Yours, etc.,

P. V. UTGIKAR.

PARSIS SUPPORT THE MAHATMA

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—One great achievement of Mahatma Gandhi is that he receives tributes from quite unexpected and hostile quarters. It will be, therefore, interesting to your readers to know that "Jame-Jamshed." the leading journal in the Parsi community and an uncompromising critic of the present policy of the Congress, has very warmly supported the recommendations of the various Provincial Congress Committees to elect Mahatma Gandhi as the next Congress President. The "Jam-e-Jamshed" has voiced the unanimous opinion of the Parsi community and it is needless for us to assure the great Mahatma that we, the Parsis, will consider it a great privilege to march to the goal of Swaraj under his sane, true and inspiring leadership.—Yours, etc.,

R. D. BALIWALA.

Rugby.—It is announced that Paris (France) will not compete in the Schneider Trophy contest this year, as his machines will not be ready in time. Britain's challengers thus revert to Italy and America only. The first full practice flights by new British machines began on Monday at Calshot seaplane station. The race has been fixed for September 6th and 7th.—B.O.W.

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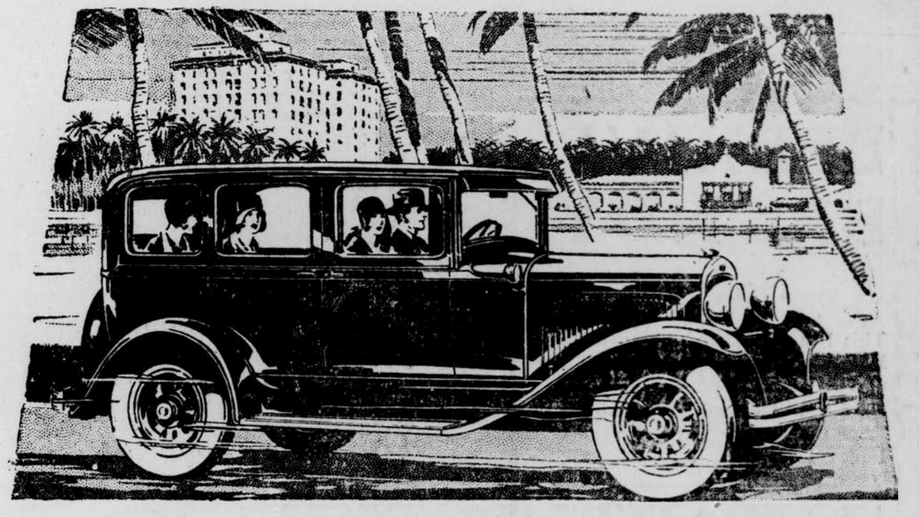
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Clarke's Blood Mixture again succeeds where other treatments fail

Mrs. E. Radley, 46, Addison Drive, St. Giles, Lincoln, England, writes :—" Four years ago, after a serious illness, I was left with Eruptions on the Face which were very painful and disfiguring. I tried medicines of every description, both patent and otherwise, and no change being noticeable, I gave up all hope of being cured. Finally, a friend gave me a bottle of 'CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.' Before the bottle was finished a slight improvement was perceptible, and after that every day my condition improved wonderfully. Now all inflammation has gone, leaving me with almost as perfect a skin as I had previously. In acknowledging my indebtedness to your splendid remedy, I must also pay tribute to its general health-building properties; among other things, my weight has increased 10lb. in as many weeks."

Mrs. E. Radley
Read and Profit by her Unsolicited Testimony.

World-famous for over 70 years

For the treatment of
Abscesses, Ulcers, Bad Legs, Boils, Glandular Swellings,

Clarke's Blood Mixture

For the treatment of
Eczema, Rashes, Sore Places, Piles, Rheumatism, Gout, etc.

Of all Dealers—Sole Wholesale Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon: Messrs. G. ATHERTON & Co., Calcutta and Rangoon.

When it is a question of

Your Health

be sure—don't guess

HOW—if you want to improve your Health and Nerve-strength—how are you to decide upon the course that will give new vitality to your body? Here are a few facts you should know.

Fact I Sanatogen is not a "secret remedy," it is a concentrated scientific food, containing 95% albumin and 5% phosphorus—the two chief constituents of blood, nerves and brains.

Fact II By adding Sanatogen to your diet, you add strength to the strength you have—you improve your health. Scientific tests have shown that the increase of energy and vitality after only a fortnight's use is considerable (from 15% to 60%).

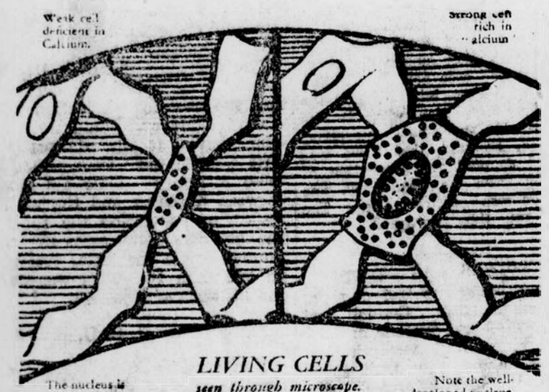
Fact III Thousands of physicians (in fact over 24,000) have written that they have used Sanatogen in their practice and that Sanatogen has improved the health of their patients. In many cases remarkable results were obtained.

To sum up remember that the famous medical journal, "The Lancet," says:

"There is abundant evidence of the value of Sanatogen as a restorative and food."

IF YOU WANT TO FEEL BETTER, if you want to conquer fatigue and to overcome nerve-weakness, then decide to try Sanatogen for a few weeks. You will soon notice that Sanatogen does what it promises to do—that it will revivify your whole system.

Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars.


Weak cell deficient in Calcium.
Strong cell rich in Calcium
LIVING CELLS
seen through microscope.
The nucleus is shrivelled up.
Note the well-developed nucleus.

Build up a strong Constitution in this new, logical way—with KALZANA, the Calcium-food

BONES, blood, tissues, nerves—the whole of your body is built up of millions of living cells—and upon *their* health the health of your whole body entirely depends.

The life centre of every body-cell is called the nucleus, and is composed entirely of *Calcium* (lime). Cells kept short of Calcium become weak and offer less resistance to disease, thus encouraging ailments like general weakness (particularly in nursing and expectant mothers), skin troubles, irritable nerves, rapid decay of teeth, and menstrual disorders, etc.

Only by supplying your body with extra Calcium will you remove the cause of your complaint and thus secure a rapid and lasting return to Health. Give your body the Calcium needed by taking Kalzana, the Calcium food. Kalzana contains Calcium in exactly that scientific combination—sodium lactate and calcium lactate—which, unlike other forms of Calcium, is readily taken up and retained by the body-cells.

Start taking KALZANA to-day—it will give you a strong and healthy constitution. Give Kalzana to your children as well—it will provide them with strong, healthy teeth, and increase their power of resistance to infectious disease.

Kalzana

THE CALCIUM FOOD

Sold by all Chemists and Bazars.

WEEKLY SHARE MARKET REPORT

—:o:—

MESSRS. V H A GANNY.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 10

JUTES.—This week the strike trouble has further develped and taken a serious form. More mills have been affected and a considerable number of the labour is involved ten thousand hands from about 35 amounting to about Two Lacks and to 40 mills. Inspite of such a grave situation lasting about three weeks, no reliable and definite information can be had about the real grievances of the strikers. Diverse opinions and judgments are published. Some say increased working hours must be paid adequately; some argue upon the pitiable condition of the workers in their uninhabitable habitations; some doubt a mischevious hand of speculators at the root; and last but not the least is the version of some that the strikers having no grievances are quite willing to resume the work, but it is only the agitators who, fomenting the strike atmosphere prevent them from going to work.

About the increased working hours the standard of wages in some of the affected mils in such that the workers would be automatically paid in proportion to their work, then there remains no grievance for the millhands to grudge in those particular mills. About improper habitations, the grievance seems to have been invented to suit the situation. Third too does not sound appealing. About the fourth there seems to be some justification as the mills working under double shift system have been involved, and some of the mills situated in the southern area, unaffected uptill now, have been rumoured on strike, and the strike atmosphere has spread from north to south reaching its height.

The effect of all this is heavy fluctuations in both the ready good market and the raw material market. Besides, the strike effect, the damage Questson has greatly contributed towards the rapid rise in the raw material. Every morning the Hessian market opens high on the strike account published in the papers and in the evening again the prices come down on rumours of settlement. The hessians prices for 9 porters one time reached the level of 16/8 from 15/2 to close at 16/2 the jute has remained steady at 67/4 touching 68/8.

About the share market there was practically very little effect and the prices were well maintained specially in view of the scarcity of scrips and small but continuous buying inquiry for small lots.

The following Mills were reported to be idle owing to the strike on friday:—

Alexandra, Alliance, Anglo-India, Auckland Barnagore, Clive Craig Empire Gourepore Hastings Kanknarrah, Kelvin Khardah Kinnison Megna Naihati Nuddea, Reliance Standard Titaghur Union and Waverley.

On friday morning in order to remove the above stated trouble which has developed by working 60 hours, mills will come to the old system of working 54 hours a week This rumour created a buoyant feeling in the market and every scrip was readily absorbed at higher rates; and the bears' nervous covering pushed the market still higher and the following shares reached their highest levels of the day. Cheviot 332, Orient 322, Balley 321 Barnagore 290, Belvedere 605 Budge Budge 565, Dalhouste 565 Champdany 172, Auckland 320, Anglo India 452 Kamarhatty 697, Fort William 425. Delta 575.

There was practically no change in speculative counters except National which moved up to 30/6x.

But in the afternoon it was thought that to come to the decision of 54 hours was impossible as some were of opinion that it will be equal to lose control over the labour for the mills. This checked the rising market and then a rumur of strike spread to the Budge Budge side (southern part) hitherto unaffected, caused unloading of the very scrips eagerly absorbed in morning. Consequently the rates came down by 5 to 10 points from their highest levels and the market closed quiet with an uncertain tendency.

COTTONS:—Were a better market Dunbar were steady at232 Bengal Nagpur at 33/10 and Kesoram were a firm feature at 5/14. Preference shares of Kesoram were taken upto 113.

COALS:—Little improved trade condition is reflected in the share scrips and some demand for the better class scrips was evident. Amalgamated were in great demand and had buyers upto 14/4 from 13/2 Equitable have improved from 22/12 to 28/8, New Beerbhoom were better round 15/12 Pench Valley marked a rise of a point at 35/-. Burra Dhemo were done at 12/4. Standard at 61, Union at 21 and Burakur at 14/8. Raneegung after touching the lower levels of 37/8 were wanted till 39/8 with sellers scarce.

TEA SHARES:—This section was more or less inactive. A big parcel of Hapjan Parbut changed hands at 5/1 from a quotation of 3/10.

BANKS:—Imperial F. P. were better at 1395 and Conty. at 343—

GOVT. SECURITIES:—The market has improved 3 1/2 paper were taken upto 68/4. 5 per cent 1945-55 loan were wanted upto 102/4 and 4 per cent 1960/70 were done at 78/-

MISCELLANEOUS:—Indian Iron & Steel changed hands round 15/12, Bengal Iron were done at 11/4 X.D. The chairman's speech at the Company's meeting held in London, regarding the much better prospects and more profit available from the pipe section for the current year and the Company's afford to improve the conditions was received with great applause. Burn on rumour of a much less dividend of Rs. 20/- or even less, had sellers at 360/- Britannia Engineering were done at 3/4 and Kumardhubi at 2/12 Indian Standard Wagon were wanted at 35/8. B.I. Corpn. Ordy. were continuously wanted upto 2/14/- and Pref. were done at 94/- Midnapore Zamindary have improved from 127 to 130/8 on good deamand Burma Corporation were quoted at 12/8 New Savan Sugar had buyers 4/14 from 4/4 British Ceylon4 were reported at 7/- from 5/12.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

—:o:—

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

In full-pressed Bales.	2 days	Since 1st September This year.
Khandesh	....	364,153
Central India	302	387,959
Barsi and Nagar	....	261,917
Hyderabad-Gaorani	....	84,841
Berar	98	790,159
Central Provinces	....	392,703
Total Oomras	400	2,281,732
Dholera	75	245,401
N-W Provinces	....	62,116
Rajputana	259	51,225
Sind-Punjab	143	134,423
Broach	109	195,440
Coompta and Dharwar	627	127,061
Western-Northerns	589	59,048
Cocoanada	....	5
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	....	39,665
Persian	....	1,774
American	....	11,168
Egyptian and African	....	106,121
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	....	47
Total	2,702	3,315,225

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday.	1st Sept. to 8th Aug. This year.
Europe	2,187	913,298
Japan and China	6,150	1,735,764
Coast Ports	....	19,769
Up country by Rail	....	135,641
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	....	23,818
Total	8,337	2,828,290

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Bombay, Aug. 13.

	Ready Red leafy	Ready Average
Bengal Superfine	225	
Bengal Fine	215	
Bengal F.G.	210	190
Sindh-Punjab Fine	215	
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	210	190
Wardha-Hingh Fine	290	250
Nagpur Savner Fine	290	260
Yeotmal Fine	280	255
Arvi Fine	280	250
Amraoti Fine	265	250
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	265	250
Mulkapur Fine	255	230
Khandesh Fine	248	220
Muthia Fine	215	205
Muthia F.G.	200	190
Nanded/Purna F.G.G.S.	265	250
Purna F.G.G.S.	265	260
Parbhani/Sailu F.G.G.S.	265	250
Indore/Ujjain Fine	265	
Barwah Sanavad Fine	265	250
Surat Fine	...	...
Broach Fine	...	...
Broach F.G.	...	...
Westerns M.G.	...	...
Cambodia	390	
Miraj/Sangli	...	...
Compta Good	...	...
Jinja	440	
Busoga	450	

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

	Cwts.
Wheat	8,625
Linseed	12,984
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	257
Gingellyseeds	196
Poppyseeds	247
Groundnuts	26,929
Castorseeds	859
Rice	10,593
Myrabollams	651
Cottonseeds	16,762
Mowraseeds	22
Gram	2,675
Joowar	2,073
Barley	638
Baijee	1,592
	Tons.
Coal	256

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Our Market has ruled Quiet today both in respect of Ready as well as Forward positions with the following closing quotations:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—

Ready Rs. 12/14/6 per cwt.

Transhipment Rs. 7/12/6 per cwt. F.B.H.

S.S. Arabia Rs. 7/11/6 per cwt. F.B.H.

Shipment July. Rs. 7/11/6 per cwt. F.B.H.

Shipment Aug/Sept. Rs. 7/13/6 per cwt. F.B.H.

Shipment Octo/Dec. Rs. 8/0/6 per cwt. F.B.H.

Shipment Jan/March. Rs. 8/3/6 per cwt. F.B.H.

Tone:—Quiet.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MIL CLOTH.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association 342, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.)

Bombay, Aug. 13.

	Per lb. Rs. As Pa.
KHADI.	
Textile	0 12 0
Century	0 11 9
Jacob	0 11 6
Toyo Potdar	0 12 0
Moon	0 12 0
LONG CLOTH. (full weight 34/40 In.)	
Century 91-1/2 92-1/2	1 0 3
Century 6404-8705	1 0 6
Fazul (Mahal)	1 0 6
Pahlad	0 15 6
Pabaney (Phoolmala)	1 0 0
Maneckji (Patangia)	0 15 6
Daud Sahib	0 15 6
Ganga Ghat	0 14 6
LONG CLOTH. (Light weight) No. 5202/5303.	Per lb.
Rachael Mill	1 0 9
David	1 0 9
Moon	1 0 6
Phoenix	1 0 6
Dinshaw (Gaumukh)	0 15 0
LONG CLOTH. X Quality.	
Swan Finlay	1 0 0
Gold Mohor	0 15 6
LONG CLOTH. Satin Calender 34-42 In.	
Textile (Hand)	0 15 3
Spring (Merchant)	0 15 3
Century (Bugle)	0 15 6
Apollo (Pyala)	0 15 0
Tata Mill (Darji)	0 15 0
Sakuntla	0 15 3
Manekji (Kunda)	0 14 0
Rachael	0 15 0
Dinshaw (Maharaja)	0 14 0
Maher	0 15 3
Kacchwa	0 14 3
Moon	0 14 9
LEPAD.	
Spring	0 15 6
Textile	0 15 6
Century	0 15 6
DHOOTIES. 7 8 9 Yards.	
Spring (Balance)	1 1 3
Jacob	1 1 0
Century	1 1 0
Moon Mill	1 1 0
3732 Moon	1 1 0
3842 Mayer	1 1 0
DHOOTIES. 10 Yards	
Spring (balance)	1 0 3
Century	1 0 0
Jacob	1 0 0
Moon Mill	1 0 0
	Per Piese.
1386 Tata	2 15 0
GIN COLOURED.	
A 1515 Tulsidas	12 8 0
B 1515 Ratilal	12 12 0
MARKIN JAPAN.	
4488	12 6 0
8383	9 9 0
3810	10 10 0
Yards 120	20 8 0
9898	10 9 0
8015	9 6 0
9797	9 8 0
6300	10 9 0
44000	9 0 0
BLACK CHECK.	
5800 Sholapur	9 0 0
SALITA.	
Century	9 15 3
Spring Merchant	0 15 3
Dukdi yards 12-13-14—	
Kanta	1 3 0
Phoenix	1 3 0
Framji	1 2 0

LONDON SHARE MARKET.

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay have received the following quotations by cable from their London agents.

Names	Latest Prices.
Millar's Timber and Trading Co. Ord	0 9 0
London Tin Syndicate Ord.	3 1 3
Nundydroog Co. Ord.	0 15 5
Associated Electrical Industries Ord.	2 6 3
Attock Oil	2 18 1 1/2
Associated Portland Cement	1 7 9
Underground Electrical Railways	1 1 10 1/2
Electric Supply Corpn	2 12 0
Snia Viscosa	0 18 3
Beira Railways	1 3 0
Calico Printers	1 3 6
Marconi International Marine	3 1 3
Rhodesian and General Asbestos Corpn	5 6 3
James Finlay Ord	5 1 3
General Elec. Ord.	3 4 6
London and Thames Haven Oil Wharves	4 0 7 1/2
West Rand Consolidated Hines	0 6 7 1/2
International Rys. of C. America Ord. doll	48
Malayalam Plantations	1 15 9
British Burma Petroleum	0 6 6
Soudan Plantations Syndicate	3 16 10 1/2
Margarine Union	5 12 0
Pahang Consolidated Ord.	0 10 3
African Asbestos Trust	1 15 0

Market improving treding stock of Rubber in London 81,444 Increase on week 807.

THE SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 50/8 Highest Rs. 50/11 Lowest Rs. 50/5 Closing Rs. 50/9.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 55/9 Lowest Rs. 55/4 Closing Rs. 55/8.

"Black & White" is always RIGHT.

BUCHANAN'S LIQUEUR may be more expensive than other brands of Scotch Whisky but IT IS THE BEST.

Sole Agents:—HERBERT, SON & Co., Ltd.,

11/13, Elphinstone Circle, :: :: :: :: BOMBAY

MONSOON ACTIVE IN SEVERAL PROVINCES

—:o:—

DEPRESSION FORMING AT HEAD OF BAY OF BENGAL

POONA, Aug. 13.

Monsoon is active in Burma, Assam, Bihar; Chota Nagpur, East Central Provinces and North Madras Coast.

A depression is probably forming at the head of the Bay of Bengal.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Orissa, Chota Nagpur and the Punjab Hills and local in Upper Burma, Bengal, Bihar, East Central Provinces, Konkan, Malabar, and North Madras Coast; while a few falls have occurred in United Provinces and West Central Provinces.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Tavoy and Amherst two inches each; Gwa and Kyaukkyu one and a half; Mergui, Diamond Island, Tdungoo, and Bhamo one; Dibrugarh three; Darbhanga two; Silchar and Darjeeling one and a half; Chaibasa and Daltonganj one; Benares and Jagdalpur two; Chakrata one and a half; Mussorree one; Mahabaleshwar three and Masulipatam and Kodaikanal one and a half.

Forecast:—Rainfall is likely to increase in Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Orissa and East Central Provinces and extend in the East United Provinces.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Moderate to heavy rain is likely in Chota Nagpur, Orissa and adjoining districts during the next 36 hours.—A. P.

NORMAL RAINFALL IN SEPT.

SIMLA, Aug. 13.

The monsoon rainfall of August and September in the Peninsula and Northwest India is likely to be normal.—A P.

BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL

—:o:—

August 13

Rainfall at—	Colaba.	Fort.	J. J. Hptl.
During 24 hrs. ending 8 a. m.	0·02"	0·00"	0·12"
Total Since 1st June to date	43·88	60 10	47·77
Total for the cor. period '28	60·32	75 31	59·48
Total for the cor. period '27	51·76	64·17	51·08

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT

—:o:—

August 13 1929.

General Remarks.—The monsoon is active in the east Central Provinces and the north Madras Coast. There has been local rain in the east Central Provinces, the Konkan, Malabar and the north Madras Coast with a few falls in the United Provinces and the west Central Provinces. Skies are clear or lightly clouded in the Punjab, Baluchistan, upper Sind and Rajputana and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in north Baluchistan and over the regions extending from the east and north Punjab and the west United Provinces to the Madras Deccan. Temperatures were above normal in south Hyderabad, Berar and the submontane plains of the Punjab. The highest temperature recorded yesterday was 103deg. at Jacobabad.

Forecast.—Rainfall is likely to increase in the east Central Provinces, and extend in the east United Provinces.

Rainfall for 24 hours ending at 8 hours on the 13th August 1929:—

Station	Rainfall. Inches.
Deesa	0.05
Indore	0.03
Surat	0.06
Nagpur	0.03
Raipur	0.68
Chanda	0.02"
Ratnagiri	0.06
Marmugao	0.30
Karwar	0.09
Poona	0.05
Mahabaleshwar	3.11
Belgaum	0.02
Mangalore	0.76
Trivandrum	0.11
Masulipatam	1.55
Vizagapatam	0.01

COLABA OBSERVATORY,

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 13-8-1929:—

Barometer (corrected to 32degs.F) at 8 a.m. 29.744 inches (.005 above normal).

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.026.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.1 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.9.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.2 degrees (1-3 above normal.)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.5 degrees (1.6 above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 82 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m 16 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 229 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 26 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 8.

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.02 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 2.35 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 44.57 inches.

OILS & CAKES.

The Tata Oil Mills Company, Ltd.

Bombay, Aug. 13.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs 538/- per ton.

Filtered Mowra Oil Ready Rs. 565/- per ton.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 127/- per ton.

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THE JUPITER General Insurance Co. Is growing into a healthy boyhood.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913. ADMD. NO. B 1088.

It rests on the people of India to make the JUPITER INSURANCE CO. Strong Institution

BOMBAY WEDNESDAY AUGUST 14 1929

WHO RUNS THE "BLUE FLAG" UNION ?

Further Cross-Examination of Mr H. P. Mody

EXPLAINS WHAT HE MEANT BY "FIGHT TO A FINISH"

Mr. B. T. Ranadive (Girni Kamgar Union) continued his cross-examination of Mr. H. P. Mody, Chairman of the Mill-owners' Association, when the Bombay Textile Court of Inquiry met at the Secretriat on Tuesday forenoon.

Mr. Mody, in the course of his evidence, had stated that the operatives in several mills used to go on strike putting forward absolutely unjustified demands and in many cases the employers had to grant such demands to purchase peace in the industry.

With regard to this statement Mr. Ranadive referred to the strike that took place last year in the Kastoor Chand Mill. The cause of that strike was the operatives in the Blanket Department refused to work two looms as against the system of working one loom before the 1928 strike.

NO BREACH OF OCTOBER AGREEMENT.

Mr. Mody admitted to Mr. Rupchand that the demand of the workers in this strike was not absolutely unjustified, but he denied there was any breach of the agreement of October 4 on the part of the mill management.

Mr. Ranadive next asked Mr. Mody whether he was aware of the Girni Kamgar Union officials ever having called off a strike, which they found to be unjustified.

Mr. Mody admitted that on some occasions they might have done so, "but," he added, "they have more often called out than called off strikes."

Mr. Ranadive: If, as you stated, it was the policy of the Union to continue strikes and create unrest among the workers, why should its officials call off strikes?

Mr. Mody: Whenever they found there was nothing to be gained by the strike and whenever they found themselves in a hopeless condition, that was the only thing they could do.

Asked to explain why he had stated that the Girni Kamgar Union was not following recognised trade union principles, Mr. Mody replied that the Union had brought about numerous strikes without sufficient cause and inflicted great hardship on the workers.

Mr. Ranadive, thereupon, asked: "Do you admit that the last general strike resulted in some concessions to the workers?"

Mr. Mody: Yes. That was not your achievement.

Mr. Ranadive: Who conducted that strike?

Mr. Mody: All of you, I suppose.

Mr. Ranadive: You said that the Girni Kamgar Union took a prominent part in that strike.

Mr. Mody: Yes.

Mr. Ranadive: As a result of that strike the old conditions were restored.

Mr. Mody: That could have been attained without a six months' strike.

Questioned as to what Mr. Mody meant by saying that the Girni Kamgar Union had manufactured grievances, he replied: "What I meant was that the grievances regarding functioning of Mill Committees and collection of Union funds were after-thoughts."

VICTIMISATION IN MILLS.

Mr. Ranadive: Do you admit that the victimisation in the mills was confined to members of the mill committees?

Mr. Mody: That question was not investigated.

Mr. Ranadive: If a member of the Mill Committee is dismissed, do you not think it a sufficient cause for the workers to go on strike?

Mr. Mody: Certainly not, if the strike is not preceded by negotiations.

Mr. Ranadive: In your statement you referred to inflammatory utterances against Government, public bodies and trade unions and alleged that by these means the strike was kept up. Do you know that inflammatory speeches of such kind can be dealt with under the ordinary law of the land?

Mr. Mody: Sometimes the ordinary law of the land is powerless against such utterances.

WHAT ARE RECOGNISED METHODS.

Mr. Ranadive: Do other trade that the Girni Kamgar Union do not follow recognised Trade Union methods. What are recognised methods?

Mr. Mody: In the case of a dispute to try to bring about settlement by negotiations and not to provoke strike after strike.

Mr. Ranadive: Do other trade unions follow these recognised methods?

Mr. Mody: I should think so.

Mr. Ranadive: The Girni Kamgar Union also tried to negotiate with the Mill-owners' Association?

Mr. Mody: That can hardly be called negotiations. You came determined to enforce certain demands and as soon as they were turned down by us you declared a general strike.

Mr. Ranadive next referred to the message from the Red Trade Unions International welcoming the present strike as a revolutionary strike. Mr. Mody admitted that the message which appeared in the "Pravda" was broadcast locally by the Secretary of the Millowners' Association.

Mr. Ranadive: Why should your Association go out of its way to give publicity to these things?

Mr. Mody: It was a matter of propaganda and also to show up the Union.

Mr. Ranadive: So, if an outside body calls this a revolutionary strike you will make use of that fact against the Union.

Mr. Mody: Yes. It was for the Union to contradict it.

In reply to further questions Mr. Mody stated that the mills had volunteers and pickets of their own but he did not know if the volunteers and pickets wore blue badges. It was news to him that the mill volunteers had assaulted the Red Flag Union volunteers. He denied that they recruited riff-raffs from Madanpura. He had heard of an organisation known as the Blue Flag Union. The Mill-owners Association had nothing to do with it.

Mr. Ranadive: Is it not true that you were out for a fight to a finish in regard to the present strike?

Mr. Mody: I have already stated yesterday that the moment we found ourselves confronted with a Union which was bent upon the destruction of capitalism and organised industries we recognised that we had to fight it some day.

Mr. Rupchand: In other words you thought that the Union was out to smash you and so you wanted to smash it by fighting to a finish.

Mr. Mody: We did not want to smash, but we wanted to break the strike.

Mr. Mody furtheron stated that he had suggested the stopping of the activities of the Red Flag Union but he had never demanded that the Union should be suppressed.

The Court at this stage rose for lunch.

AUTHORSHIP OF "BLUE FLAG" LEAFLETS.

Mr. Mody next questioned about certain hand bills issued by the "Blue Flag Union" under the name of Ganpat Laxman, emphatically declared that the Association had nothing to do with Ganpat Laxman. He denied that Ganpat was subsidised by the Association. Mr. Mody admitted that leaflets used to be issued by the Association and were signed by Ganpat Govind, a man employed in the office. Witness himself drafted most of these hand-bills which were distributed through the instrumentality of the members of the Association.

SCURRILOUS ATTACKS.

Mr. Ranadive explained that the leaflets issued by the "Blue Flag Union" contained scurrilous attacks on the Girni Kamgar Union and its leaders and this propaganda was one of the reasons for the prolongation of the present strike. Mr. Ranadive wanted Ganpat Laxman to be summoned as a witness, but had no knowledge of his whereabouts.

Asked if he had any information about the man, Mr. Mody replied in the negative.

AHMEDABAD LABOUR BETTER PAID.

Replying to Mr. Rupchand Bilaram, Mr. Mody said he did not think that: taken as a whole, the cost of production in Ahmedabad varied very much compared with the cost of production in Bombay. He agreed that Bombay had certain advantages which Ahmedabad had not got, specially in regard to cost of transport.

Q: If Ahmedabad mills paid better wages to labour, I think you could also pay your labour to the same extent?—Our industry is passing through an acute period of depression. still relatively speaking our labour is very well paid.

Further questioned about certain findings of the Industrial Disputes Committee of 1921, Mr. Mody told Mr. Bilaram that the emigrant character of Bombay Labour was showing slow changes and there was at present less tendency to go back to the villages. He admitted in several cases strikes had been called without grievances having been clearly defined before the declaration of the strikes. Mr. Mody strongly denied that it was the policy of the owners to pay as little as possible in return for as much as the worker could give. To fight such a state of things, if it existed, was the function of a trade union.

Mr. Bilaram's examination was not over when the Court rose for the day.

After examination of the witnesses of the Mill-owners, the Police Commissioner will be summoned to give evidence before the Court.

HELP ASSAM

Babu Bipin Chandra Pal (on the left) is now in Bombay to collect funds for the Assam Flood Relief. Next to Mr. Pal is an Assam M. L. C., Mr. Poreshlal Shome.

PROPOSED TERMINATION OF REDUCTION AGREEMENT

—:o:—

Unions Serve Ry. Companies Three Months' Notice

LONDON, Aug. 12.

The Railway Unions have served the Railway Companies three months' notice, and it takes effect from to-morrow.

(The notice is to terminate the agreement for a reduction of two and a half per cent. in wages)—Reuter.

SIEGE OF GARDEZ

—:o:—

Robber Chief Willing to Surrender

PESHAWAR, Aug. 13.

General Nadir Khan's friends in Peshawar say they have received information which shows that Bacha-Saka's Brigadier Mahomed Siddique is tired of the seige and is willing to surrender Gardez to Nadir Khan if he is given full pardon.

Mahomed Siddique and the Gardez garrison are stated to be short of rations. It is added that General Shah Walikhan has gone to Gardez to supervise this *coup de main*.

Bacha-Saka due to a recent attack on his life usually keeps confined in the ark and sparingly comes out.

Reports say that 10,000 Mohmands have been collected in Jallalabad for helping Sardar Hasamkhan. It is also reported a settlement has been arrived at between Sardar Hasham Khan and Malik Qhais Khugiani.—Free Press.

The Port Officer, Okha Port, wires under date August 13:—

S.S "Garada" (Line: British India Steam Navigation Company; Agents Messrs. Chhotalal Premji) arrived at Port Okha on the 12th instant from Glasgow loaded with 255 tons and left for Madras on the 13th instant.

PROPOSED CALCUTTA--RANGOON-SINGAPORE AIR MAIL

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Aug. 13.

In connection with the proposed Calcutta-Rangoon-Singapore Air Mail and Passenger Service, a R.A.F. flying boat arrived in Calcutta yesterday to collect technical data in connection with the cruise. Leaving Singapore on Tuesday last, the machine touched Penang, Mergui, Rangoon, Akyab and Chittagong.

On Thursday following the same route it will be returning to Singapore. which is its base.—Free Press.

TRAIN CRASHES AGAINST LORRY

—:o:—

14 Picnickers Killed

FARMER LOSES WIFE & 7 CHILDREN

LONDON, Aug. 12.

Dallas (Texas).—The train at a level-crossing crashed against a lorry containing picnickers who were returning home from a *zoo* and killed 14 persons, one hundred and fifty yards from home. Farmer Badgett who was drawing water from a well turned and saw the accident and his wife and seven children, all of them girls, were among the dead.—Reuter.

FINAL TEST MATCH

—:o:—

THE ENGLAND TEAM

LONDON, Aug. 12.

The following are the players on the England side in the final test match with South Africa:—

Carr (Captain), Wyatt, Hobbs, Sutcliffe, Hammond, Woolley, Leyland, Ames, Tate, Freeman, Clark of the Northants. O'Connor is the twelfth man.

The rubber having been decided and the match is limited to three days. Play on the first day will be from 11-30 a.m. to 6-30 p.m. and on other days from 11-00 to 6-30 p.m.—Reuter.

Rugby.—The King continues to make satisfactory progress. During the week-end he enjoyed sunshine in the grounds of Buckingham Palace. He spent most of his Sunday afternoon sitting in the gardens.—B.O.W.

PROF. RAMAN HONOURED

—:o:—

Italian Award

CALCUTTA, Aug. 13.

Dr. C. V. Raman has been awarded the Battencei Gold Medal by the Italian Society of Science, Rome, for the discovery of radiation known as the Raman Effect.—Free Press.

BOMBAY COUNCIL PROROGUED

—:o:—

Karnatak Unification Resolution Defeated

ILL-ADVISED MOVE, SAYS SIR L. RIEU

(From Our Special Representative.)

POONA, Aug. 13.

The Council met to-day in the morning and was prorogued at the close of the sitting Mr. V. N. Jog's resolution on the Karnatak Unification Scheme eneited quite an interesting debate. The members from Karnatak who among themselves occupied the better part of the sitting, supported the resolution 'en masse', and made out a strong case for the constitution of a separate autonomous province.

The Deputy President of the Council, who represents Dharwar, conveyed a distinct warning to Government that in case the just demand of Kanarese-speaking people was not granted with grace, it would be seized by compulsion.

The Commissioner, Southern Division, made too much of the differences between the Marathi and Kanarese-speaking sections of Karnatak. To unify Karnatak was, in his opinion, to harness two entirely different social and economic systems in one unit. The unification would ultimately result in disintegration of the province.

The Hon. Mr. Mr. B. V. Jadhav, Minister of Agriculture, waxed eloquent on the principle of unity. He was, he declared, for the unity of the whole world—a goal for which the League of Nations was striving. The spirit of give-and-take, he said, was essential for national unity.

Mr. Naraindas Bechar was against the unification as he felt that the fissiparous tendencies which underlay the demand were a menace to national interests.

The Leader of the House, Sir Louis, took shelter under the argument that the case for unification should have been laid before the Statutory Commission when it was in India. He was not, moreover, convinced, he said, that there was a strong demand for separation of Karnatak from the Presidency. The resolution was thrown out. The Council was then prorogued.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

To-day being the last day of the sessions, the Council met this morning and further discussed Mr. V. N. Jog's resolution regarding Karnatak Unification. Mr. M. D. Karki (Karwar) supporting said a similar resolution was moved in the Assembly, but it was not accepted on the ground that there was no popular agitation. The speaker maintained that there was a strong demand for unification on the part of various people residing in Karnatak. The agitation was both extensive and intensive throughout Karnatak. Most of the district and taluka boards had also passed resolutions urging that unification was urgent for the welfare of Karnatak. School boards had introduced a Karnatak National Anthem to be sung by children in schools. A day known as Unification Day was being observed throughout the length and breadth of Karnatak.

"AN ABSOLUTE NECESSITY"

The All-Parties' Conference constituted under the auspices of the Congress had also accepted the principle underlying the demand for unification: For economic prosperity, for the development of natural resources, and lastly, for proper government of the province. the unification of Karnatak was an absolute necessity.

Rao Bahadur Angadi (Belgaum) supporting observed that never before was a stronger case made out for the unification of Karnatak. It was the peculiar circumstances attending the growth of British rule in India that were responsible for the disintegration of Karnatak. He had often complained in the past in this very Council that Karnatak was treated in a step-motherly fashion. If they separated from the Presidency they would do so without inflicting any financial burden on the Presidency Exchequer.

Dewan Bahadur Harilal Desai interrupting asked whether there were schools for Marathi speaking population and how many they were.

DOMINATED BY MARATHA PEOPLE.

Rao Bahadur Angadi contended that Kanarese people had all along been dominated by Maharashtra people. Concluding he said Karnatak was neglected because it formed the tail of the Presidency and probably their condition was not going to be a whit better than the condition of the Zemindars at the tail of the Fuleli Canal.

WHAT ABOUT GUJARAT?

Rao Saheb Dadubhai Desai said he could not say 'no' to the demand of Kanarese-speaking people. It would perhaps open a path for Gujerati-speaking population to demand a separate province for Gujerat. Sooner Gujerat was separated the better it was for that Province. As it was Gujerat was hopelessly neglected in the Government of the Presidency.

A Voice:—"What about DEWAN BAHADUR HARILAL DESAI and SIR CHUNILAL MEHTA"?

The speaker pointed out that SIR CHUNILAL was from Bombay and he did not include that City in Gujerat.

Rao Bahadur Kamleli, Deputy President, supporting declared that the case for unification was a strong one and could not be controverted at all. He particularly pointed out that although there was very little difference between Karnatak and Gujerat in respect of population the former had got only eight seats in the Council while the latter had got no less than 16. This was only one instance of injustice.

THREAT OF N. C. O. HELD

The speaker requested Government to give by grace what they would be compelled sooner or later to give up. Kanarese-speaking people would resort to other means and would even resort to Non-Co-operation in case their just demand was rejected.

Mr. Laird MacGregor, Commissioner, Southern Division, explaining the Government's attitude said undue emphasis was laid on differences between Kanarese and Marathi speaking sections of Karnatak. By unifying Karnatak he said they were going to harness two entirely different systems of social economy in one unit. There was a vigorous cry of Kanarese for Karnatak and this had made the differences very much pronounced. There was a Kanarese Literary Conference at Belgaum followed by a counterblast of Marathi Literary Conference held at the same place. The proposal of constituting a separate province though it was ostensibly for unification in actual effects it was for disintegretion.

Sardar Mujumdar supported the resolution on the ground that the people of Karnatak wanted separation from the presidency and their united voice ought to be a deciding factor.

Mr. P. R. Chikodi (Belgaum) supporting maintained that the distribution of provinces ought to be based on linguistic basis and not on any artificial basis because the latter arrangements suited the purpose of administrators. Karnatak had

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